



# CNGE2FE8MSPOE+

## ENVIRONMENTALLY HARDENED MANAGED ETHERNET SWITCH WITH (8) 10/100TX + (2) 10/100/1000TX RJ45 OR 100/1000 FX SFP PORTS

v2.0 December 2012

The ComNet<sup>™</sup> CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ Managed Ethernet Switch provides transmission of eight (8) 10/100BASE-T(X) and two (2) 10/100/1000T(X) or 100/1000FX combo ports. Unlike most Ethernet switches, these environmentally hardened units are designed for deployment in difficult operating environments, and are available for use with either conventional CAT-5e copper or optical transmission media. The eight electrical ports support the 10/100 Mbps Ethernet IEEE802.3 protocol, and auto-negotiating and auto-MDI/MDIX features are provided for simplicity and ease of installation. All 8 ports support IEEE802.3at Class 1 – 4 based Power over Ethernet (PoE). 2 ports are 10/100/1000 configurable for copper or fiber media for use with multimode or single mode optical fiber, selected by optional SFP modules. These network managed layer 2 switches are optically (100/1000 BASE-FX) and electrically compatible with any IEEE802.3 compliant Ethernet devices. Plug-and-play design ensures ease of installation, and no electrical or optical adjustments are ever required. The CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ incorporates LED indicators for monitoring the operating status of the managed switch and network.

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## **Regulatory Compliance Statement**

Product(s) associated with this publication complies/comply with all applicable regulations. Please refer to the Technical Specifications section for more details.

## Warranty

ComNet warrants that all ComNet products are free from defects in material and workmanship for a specified warranty period from the invoice date for the life of the installation. ComNet will repair or replace products found by ComNet to be defective within this warranty period, with shipment expenses apportioned by ComNet and the distributor. This warranty does not cover product modifications or repairs done by persons other than ComNet-approved personnel, and this warranty does not apply to ComNet products that are misused, abused, improperly installed, or damaged by accidents.

Please refer to the Technical Specifications section for the actual warranty period(s) of the product(s) associated with this publication.

## Disclaimer

Information in this publication is intended to be accurate. ComNet shall not be responsible for its use or infringements on third-parties as a result of its use. There may occasionally be unintentional errors on this publication. ComNet reserves the right to revise the contents of this publication without notice.

## **Safety Information**

- » Only ComNet service personnel can service the equipment. Please contact ComNet Technical Support.
- » The equipment should be installed in locations with controlled access, or other means of security, and controlled by persons of authority.

## Overview

## Introduction

The CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ is a powerful managed industrial Ethernet switch containing many unique features. These switches can work under a wide temperature range, dusty environment and humid condition.

CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ supports PoE or Power over Ethernet, a system to transmit electrical power with data to remote devices over standard twisted-pair cable. CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ has 8 X 10/100BASE-T(X) PSE (Power Sourcing Equipment) ports that are fully compliant with IEEE802.3at standard.

WEB-based, TELNET, Console port or other third-party SNMP software can manage the CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ as well. The switch can be managed by a useful utility called eConsole. eConsole is powerful network management software. With its user-friendly and powerful interface, multiple switches can be easily configured at the same time, and switches' statuses monitored.

## **Software Features**

- » World's fastest Redundant Ethernet Ring: C-Ring (Recovery time <10ms over 250 units connection)
- » Supports Ring Coupling, Dual Homing over C-Ring
- » Supports SNMPv1/v2/v3 & RMON & Port base/802.1Q VLAN Network Management
- » Event notification by Email, SNMP trap and Relay Output
- » Web-based, Telnet, Console, CLI configuration
- » Enable/disable ports, MAC based port security
- » Port based network access control (802.1x)
- » VLAN (802.1Q) to segregate and secure network traffic
- » Radius centralized password management
- » SNMPv3 encrypted authentication and access security
- » RSTP (802.1w)
- » Quality of Service (802.1p) for real-time traffic
- » VLAN (802.1Q) with double tagging and GVRP supported
- » IGMP Snooping for multicast filtering
- » Port configuration, status, statistics, mirroring, security
- » Remote Monitoring (RMON)

## **Hardware Features**

- » Two Redundant DC power inputs (48-57VDC)
- » Wide Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +75°C
- » Storage Temperature Range: -40 to +85°C
- » Operating Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- » Casing: Aluminum
- » 10/100BASE-T(X) Ethernet port
- » 10/100/1000BASE-T(X) Gigabit Ethernet port (combo)
- » 100/1000BASE-X on SFP port (combo)
- » Console Port
- » Dimensions (W × D × H): 74.3mm × 109.2mm × 153.6mm

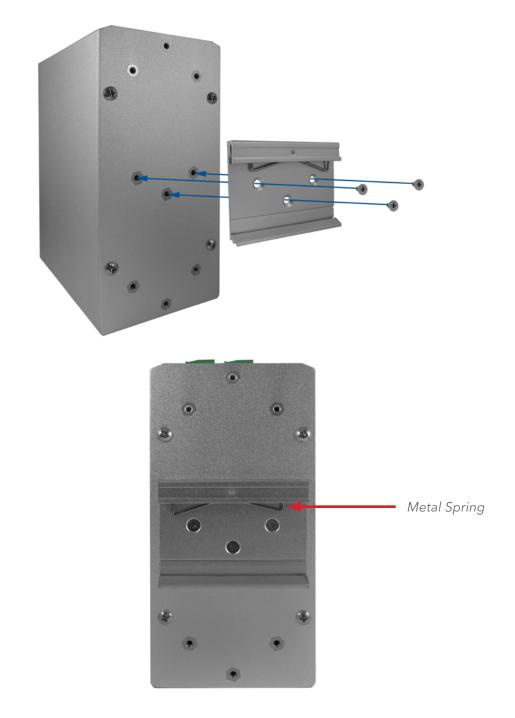
## **Safety Indications**

Only ComNet service personnel can service the equipment. Please contact ComNet Technical Support if your unit requires service.

The equipment should be installed in locations with controlled access, or other means of security, and controlled by persons of authority.

## Hardware Installation

## **Installing Switch on DIN-Rail**



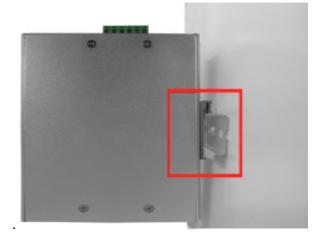
Each switch has a Din-Rail kit on the rear panel. The DIN-Rail kit affixes the switch to the DIN-Rail. It is easy to install the switch on the Din-Rail:

#### **Mount Series on DIN-Rail**

Step 1: Tilt the switch and mount the metal spring to DIN-Rail.



Step 2: Push the switch toward the DIN-Rail until you hear the spring snap into place



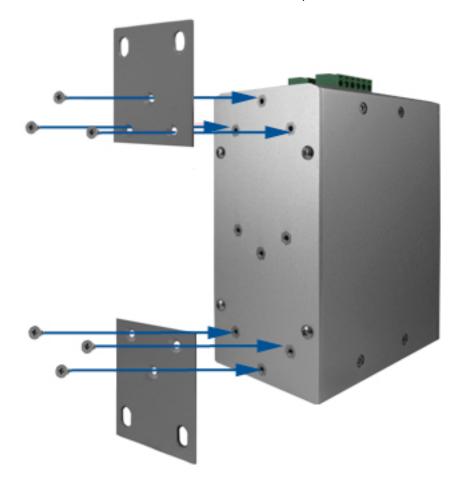
## **Wall Mounting Installation**

Each switch has another installation method for users to install the switch. A wall mount kit can be found in the package. The following steps show how to mount the switch on the wall:

#### Mounting the CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ on a Wall

Step 1: Remove Din-Rail kit if it is attached to the switch.

Step 2: Use the 6 included screws to attach the wall mount panel as shown in the diagram below.



In order to prevent switches from being damaged, use only the screws included with the mounting kit for the CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ switch.

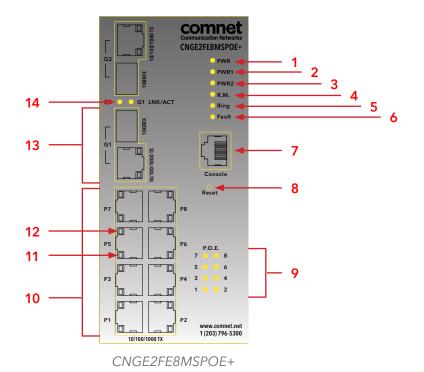
INS\_CNGE2FE8MSPOE+\_REV-

## **Hardware Overview**

## **Front Panel**

The following table describes the labels on the CNGE2FE8MSPOE+.

Port	Description
10/100 RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports	8 10/100BASE-T(X) RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports support auto-negotiation. Default Setting : Speed: auto Duplex: auto Flow control : disable
Gigabit RJ-45 ports	2 10/100/1000BASE-T(X) Gigabit ports (combo ports)
SFP ports	2 100/1000BASE-X on SFP port (combo)
PoE Ports	Port 1 ~ 8 contain PSE function compliant with IEEE802.3at PoE specifications.
Console	Use RS-232 to RJ-45 connecter to manage switch.
Reset	Push reset button 2 to 3 seconds to reset the switch. Push reset button 5 seconds to reset the switch into Factory Default.



- 1. LED for PWR. When the PWR links, the green LED will be light on.
- 2. LED for PWR1. When the PWR1 links, the green LED will be light on.
- 3. LED for PWR2. When the PWR2 links, the green LED will be light on.
- 4. LED for R.M (Ring master). When the LED light is on, this switch is the C-Ring ring master.
- 5. LED for Ring. When the LED light on, it means the C-Ring is activated.
- 6. LED for Fault Relay. When the fault occurs, the amber LED will be light on.
- 7. Console port (RJ-45).
- 8. Reset button. Push and hold the button 3 seconds for reset; 5 seconds for factory default.
- 9. LED for PoE power supplied.
- 10. 10/100BASE-T(X) PSE Ethernet ports.
- 11. LED for Ethernet ports speed.
- 12. LED for Ethernet ports link status.
- 13. 1000 COMBO ports with SFP
- 14. LED for SFP ports link/Act status.

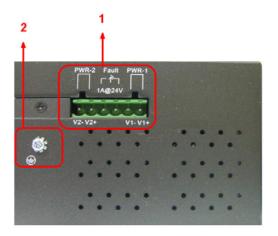
## **Front Panel LEDs**

LED	Color	Status	Description
PWR	Green	On	DC power ready
PW1	Green	On	DC power module 1 activated.
PW2	Green	On	DC power module 2 activated.
R.M	Green	On	C-Ring Master.
Ring	Green	On	C-Ring enabled.
		Slowly blinking	C-Ring topology has fault
		Fast blinking	C-Ring works normally.
Fault	Amber	On	Fault relay. Power failure or Port down/fail.
10/100BASE	-T(X) Fast Ethernet p	orts	
LNK / ACT	Green	On	Port link up.
		Blinking	Data transmitted.
Full Duplex	Amber	On	Port works under full duplex.
Gigabit Ethe	rnet ports		
ACT	Green	On	Port link up.
		Blinking	Data transmitted.
LNK	Amber	On	Port link up.
SFP ports			
LNK / ACT	Green	On	Port link up.
		Blinking	Data transmitted.

## **Top view Panel**

The bottom panel components of CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ are shown as below:

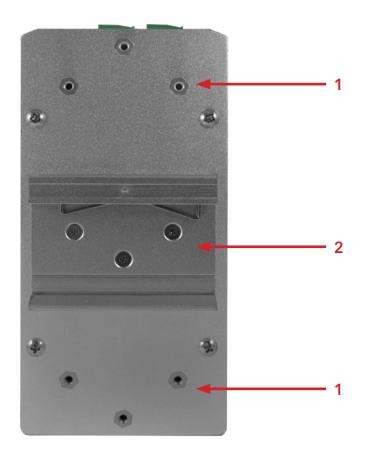
- 1. Terminal block
- 2. Ground wire



## **Rear Panel**

The components in the rear of CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ are shown as below:

- 1. Screw holes for wall mount kit.
- 2. DIN-Rail kit



## Cables

## **Ethernet Cables**

The CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ switch has standard Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the switches use CAT 3, 4, 5, 5e UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable	Туре	Max. Length	Connector
10BASE-T	CAT3, CAT4, CAT5 100Ω	UTP 100m (328ft)	RJ-45
100BASE-TX	CAT5 100Ω UTP	UTP 100m (328ft)	RJ-45
1000BASE-TX	CAT5/CAT5-e 100Ω UTP	UTP 100m (328ft)	RJ-45

Cable Types and Specifications

#### 100BASE-T(X) Pin Assignments

With 100BASE-T(X) cable, pins 1 and 2 are used for transmitting data, and pins 3 and 6 are used for receiving data.

Pin Number	Assignment
1	PoE Power input +
2	PoE Power input +
3	PoE Power input -
4	Not used
5	Not used
6	PoE Power input -
7	Not used
8	Not used

10/100 PSE BASE-T(X) RJ-45 Pin Assignments

Pin Number	Assignment
1	BI_DA+
2	BI_DA-
3	BI_DB+
4	BI_DC+
5	BI_DC-
6	BI_DB-
7	BI_DD+
8	BI_DD-

#### 1000 BASE-T RJ-45 Pin Assignments

The CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ switch will support auto MDI/MDI-X operation. You can use a straightthrough cable to connect a PC to the switch. The table below shows the 10BASE-T/ 100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	TD+(transmit)	RD+(receive)
2	TD-(transmit)	RD-(receive)
3	RD+(receive)	TD+(transmit)
4	Not used	Not used
5	Not used	Not used
6	RD-(receive)	TD-(transmit)
7	Not used	Not used
8	Not used	Not used
-		

#### 10/100 BASE-TX MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	BI_DA+	BI_DB+
2	BI_DA-	BI_DB-
3	BI_DB+	BI_DA+
4	BI_DC+	BI_DD+
5	BI_DC-	BI_DD-
6	BI_DB-	BI_DA-
7	BI_DD+	BI_DC+
8	BI_DD-	BI_DC-

1000 BASE-T MDI/MDI-X pin assignment

Note: "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

The switch has fiber optic ports with SFP connectors. The fiber optical ports are available with multi-mode and single-mode fiber with various distance and connector types. Please remember that the TX port of Switch A should be connected to the RX port of Switch B.



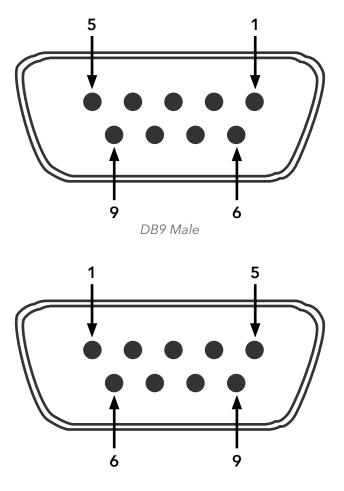
Switch-A

Switch-B

## **Console Port Cable**

CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ switches can be managed by the console port. The DB-9 to RJ-45 cable can be found in the package. You can connect them to the PC via a RS-232 cable with DB-9 female connector and the other end (RJ-45 connector) connects to console port of switch.

PC pin out (male) assignment	RS-232 with DB9 female connector	DB9 to RJ 45
Pin #2 RD	Pin #2 TD	Pin #2
Pin #3 TD	Pin #3 RD	Pin #3
Pin #5 GD	Pin #5 GD	Pin #5



DB9 Female

Pin	Male Connector	Female Connector
1	Received Line Signal Detect (Received by DTE Device)	Received Line Signal Detect (Transmitted from DCE Device)
2	Received Data (Received by DTE Device)	Transmitted Data (Transmitted from DCE Device)
3	Transmitted Data (Transmitted from DTE Device)	Received Data (Received by DCE Device)
4	DTE Ready (Transmitted from DTE Device)	DTE Ready (Received by DCE Device)
5	Signal Ground	Signal Ground
6	DCE Ready (Received by DTE Device)	DCE Ready (Transmitted from DCE Device)
7	Request to Send (Transmitted from DTE Device)	Clear to Send (Received by DCE Device)
8	Clear to Send (Received by DTE Device)	Request to Send (Transmitted from DCE Device)
9	Ring Indicator (Received by DTE Device)	Ring Indicator (Transmitted from DCE Device)

## WEB Management

Attention: While installing and upgrading firmware, please remove physical loop connection first. DO NOT power off equipment while the firmware is upgrading!

### **Configuration by Web Browser**

This section details configuration through the Web browser.

#### **About Web-based Management**

An embedded HTML web site resides in the flash memory on the CPU board. It contains advanced management features and allows you to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard web browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.

The Web-Based Management function supports Internet Explorer 5.0 or later. It is based on Java Applets with an aim to reduce network bandwidth consumption, enhance access speed and present an easy viewing screen.

Note: By default, IE5.0 or later version does not allow Java Applets to open sockets. You need to explicitly modify the browser setting in order to enable Java Applets to use network ports.

#### **Preparing for Web Management**

The default value is as below:

IP Address: **192.168.10.1** 

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway: 192.168.10.254

User Name: admin

Password: admin

#### System Login

1. Launch Internet Explorer.

2. Type http://192.168.10.1 and the IP address of the switch. Press Enter.



- 3. The login screen appears.
- 4. Enter username and password. The default username and password is admin.
- 5. Select Enter or OK button, then the main interface of the Web-based management appears.



Login screen

#### Main Interface

Communication Networks Open all System Information Basic Setting OHCP Server OHCP Server COHCP Server COHCP Server COHCP Server COHCP Server SOUNDANCY SOUNDANCY SOUNDANCY SOUNDANCY	Industrial Switch Industrial 10-port managed PoE Ethernet switch with 8x10/100Base-T(X) P.S.E. and 2xGigabit combo ports, SFP socket
<ul> <li>B. SNMP</li> <li>Traffic Prioritization</li> <li>Multicast</li> <li>Security</li> <li>Warning</li> <li>Monitor and Diag</li> <li>Power over Ethernet</li> <li>Save Configuration</li> <li>Factory Default</li> <li>Save Configuration</li> <li>Factory Default</li> <li>Logout</li> </ul>	System Name         CNCE2FE8MSPOE+ Industrial 10-port managed POE Ethernet switch with           System Description 8:101/00Base-T(X) P.S.E. and 2xGigabit combo ports, SFP socket           System Contact           System Contact           System Version           V1.05a           Kornel Version           MAC Attitness           00-22-38-0A-02-20

Main interface

#### **System Information**

Industrial 10-port managed PoE Ethernet switch with 8x10/100Base-T(X) P.S.E. and 2xGigabit combo ports, SFP socket

System Name	CNGE2FE8MSPOE+
System Description	Industrial 10-port managed PoE Ethernet switch with 8x10/100Base-T(X) P.S.E. and 2xGigabit combo ports, SFP socket
System Location	
System Contact	
System OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.32298.2.2.26
Firmware Version	v1.05a
Kernel Version	v2.49
MAC Address	00-22-38-0A-02-20

Enable Location Alert

System Information interface

#### **System Information**

The system information will display the configuration of Basic Setting/Switch Setting page.

#### **Enable Location Alert**

Select **Enable Location Alert** and observe that the PWR1, PWR2 and FAULT LEDs of the switch will start to flash together. Select **Disable Location Alert** and the LEDs will stop flashing.

### **Basic setting**

### Switch Setting

#### Switch Setting

System Name	CNGE2FE8MSPOE+
System Description	Industrial 10-port managed PoE Ethernet switch with 8x10/100
System Location	
System Contact	
System OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.32298.2.2.26
Firmware Version	v1.05a
Kernel Version	v2.49
Device MAC	00-22-3B-0A-02-20

Apply Help

Switch setting interface

Label	Description	
System Name	Assign the name of switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes	
System Description Display the description of switch.		
System Location	Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64 bytes	
System Contact	Enter the name of contact person or organization	

#### Admin & Password

This page allows you to configure the system password required to access the web pages.

#### Admin Password

User Name	admin
New Password	
Confirm Password	

Apply Help

Admin Password interface

Label	Description
User name	Key in the new username (The default is <b>admin</b> )
New Password	Key in the new password (The default is <b>admin</b> )
Confirm password	Re-type the new password.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

### CNGE2FE8MSPOE+

### **IP Setting**

You can configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function through IP configuration.

DHCP C	lient : Disable
IP Address	192.168.10.7
Subnet Mas	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.10.254
DNS1	0.0.0.0
DNS2	0.0.0.0

IP Configuration interface

Label	Description
DHCP Client	To enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP client function is enabling, the switch will be assigned the IP address from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be replaced by the IP address that the DHCP server has assigned. After selecting <b>Apply</b> button, a popup dialog shows up to inform when the DHCP client is enabling. The current IP will lose and you should find a new IP on the DHCP server.
IP Address	Assign the IP address that the network is using. If the DHCP client function is enabled, you do not need to assign the IP address. The network DHCP server will assign the IP address for the switch and it will be display in this column. The default IP is 192.168.10.1
Subnet Mask	Assign the subnet mask of the IP address. If DHCP client function is enabling, you do not need to assign the subnet mask
Gateway	Assign the network gateway for the switch. The default gateway is 192.168.10.254
DNS1	Assign the primary DNS IP address
DNS2	Assign the secondary DNS IP address
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

### **Time Setting**

The SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings allow you to synchronize switch clocks from the Internet.

SNTP Client : Dis	sable 💌
UTC Timezone	(GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 👻
SNTP Server Address	0.0.0.0

SNTP Configuration interface

Label	Description
SNTP Client	Enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP server.
Daylight Saving Time	Enable or disable daylight saving time function. When daylight saving time is enabling, you need to configure the daylight saving time period.
UTC Time zone	Set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the different location time zone for your reference.

Daylight	Saving	Time :	Disable -
----------	--------	--------	-----------

Daylight Saving Offset	0	(hours)
Daylight Saving Period	2012 - Aug - / 16 -	19 👻
Douting the Couring Derived	2012 V Aug V 16 V	19 🔻 ~

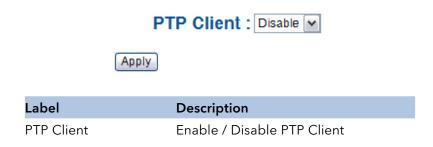
Label	Description
Daylight Saving Time	Disable or Enable DST Time Adjustment.
Daylight Saving Period	Set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving ending time. Both will be different each year.
Daylight Saving Offset	Set up the offset time.

Select **Apply** to activate the configurations you set in this screen.

Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11 am
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am
AST - Atlantic Standard EDT - Eastern Daylight	-4 hours	8 am
EST - Eastern Standard CDT - Central Daylight	-5 hours	7 am
CST - Central Standard MDT - Mountain Daylight	-6 hours	6 am
MST - Mountain Standard PDT - Pacific Daylight	-7 hours	5 am
PST - Pacific Standard ADT - Alaskan Daylight	-8 hours	4 am
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW - Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET - Central European FWT - French Winter MET - Middle European MEWT - Middle European Winter SWT - Swedish Winter	+1 hour	1 pm
EET - Eastern European, USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm
BT - Baghdad, USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9	+10 hours	10 pm
IDLE - International Date Line NZST - New Zealand Standard NZT - New Zealand	+12 hours	Midnight

#### **PTP Client**

The Precision Time Protocol (PTP) is a time-transfer protocol defined in the IEEE 1588-2002 standard that allows precise synchronization of networks (e.g., Ethernet). Accuracy within the nanosecond range can be achieved with this protocol when using hardware-generated timestamps.



#### LLDP

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) function allows the switch to advertise its information to other nodes on the network and store the information it discovers.

LLDP Protocol:	Enable	•
LLDP Interval:	30	sec

LLDP configuration interface

Label	Description
LLDP Protocol	Enable or Disable LLDP function.
LLDP Interval	The interval of resend LLDP (by default at 30 seconds)
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

#### **Auto Provision**

Auto Provision allows you to automatically update the switch firmware. You can put the firmware or configuration file on TFTP server. When you reboot the switch, it will upgrade automatically. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image and configuration file is on the TFTP server.

#### **Auto Provision**

Auto Install Configuratio	n file from TFTP server?
TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.66
Configuration File Name	data bin
Configuration File Name	uata.biti
Auto Install Firmware im	
Auto Install Firmware im	
	age file from TFTP serv

Apply Help

Auto Provision interface

#### **Backup & Restore**

You can save current EEPROM value from the switch to TFTP server, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the EEPROM value.



Backup & Restore interface

Label	Description
TFTP Server IP Address	Fill in the TFTP server IP
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.
Restore	Select <b>Restore</b> to restore the configurations.
Form Local PC	User can select file restore, not need TFTP server .
Restore File Name	Fill in the file name.
Restore	Select <b>Restore</b> to restore the configurations.
Backup	Select <b>Backup</b> to backup the configurations.
To Local PC	User can download config file to switch. Not needing the TFTP server

#### **Upgrade Firmware**

Upgrade Firmware allows you to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

#### **Upgrade Firmware**

TFTP Server IP	192.168.10.66
Firmware File Name	image.bin

Update Firmware interface

### Redundancy

#### **DHCP** Server

#### **DHCP Server - Setting**

The system provides with DHCP server function. Enable the DHCP server function and the switch system will be a DHCP server.

## DHCP Server - Setting DHCP Server : Disable Start IP Address 192.168.10.20 End IP Address 192.168.10.200 Subnet Mask 255.255.05 Gateway 192.168.10.254 DNS 0.0.0 Lease Time (Hour) 168

Apply Help

#### DHCP Server Configuration interface

Label	Description
DHCP Server	Enable or Disable the DHCP Server function. Enable - the switch will be the DHCP server on your local network
Start IP Address	The dynamic IP assignment range. Low IP address is the beginning of the dynamic IP assignments range. For example: dynamic IP assignment range is from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.100 will be the Start IP address.
End IP Address	The dynamic IP assignment range. High IP address is the end of the dynamic IP assignments range. For example: dynamic IP assignment range is from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.200 will be the End IP address
Subnet Mask	The dynamic IP assignment range subnet mask
Gateway	The gateway in your network.
DNS	Domain Name Server IP Address in your network.
Lease Time (Hour)	It is the period that system will reset the assigned dynamic IP to ensure the IP address is in use.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.

#### **DHCP Server - Client List**

When the DHCP server function is activated, the system will collect the DHCP client information and display in here.

#### **DHCP Server - Client List**

IP Address MAC Address Type Status Lease

DHCP Server Client Entries interface

#### **DHCP Server - Port and IP bindings**

You can assign the specific IP address that is in the assigned dynamic IP range to the specific port. When the device connects to the port and asks for dynamic IP assigning, the system will assign the IP address that has been assigned before in the connected device.

Port No.	IP Address	
Port.01	0.0.0.0	
Port.02	0.0.0.0	
Port.03	0.0.0.0	
Port.04	0.0.0	
Port.05	0.0.0	
Port.06	0.0.0.0	
Port.07	0.0.0	
Port.08	0.0.0.0	
G1	0.0.0	
G2	0.0.0.0	-

Apply Help

#### **DHCP Server - Port and IP Binding**

DHCP Server Port and IP Binding interface

#### **DHCP Server - DHCP Relay Agent**

The DHCP relay agent relays DHCP messages between clients and servers for DHCP on different subnet domains. DHCP relay agent use Option 82 to insert specific information into a request that is being forwarded to a DHCP server and, according to Option 82, to remove the specific information from a reply packet when forwarding server DHCP packets to a DHCP client.

#### **DHCP Relay Agent**

## Mode : Enable

#### DHCP Server IP Address

1st Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID 1
2nd Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID 1
3rd Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID 1
4th Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID 1

#### **DHCP Option 82 Remote ID**

Туре	P
Value	192.168.1.10
Display	C0A8010A

#### **DHCP Option 82 Circuit-ID Table**

Port No.	Circuit-ID	Option 82
Port.01	000400010001	
Port 02	000400010002	
Port.03	000400010003	
Port.04	000400010004	
Port.05	000400010005	
Port.06	000400010006	
Port.07	000400010007	
Port.08	000400010008	
G1	000400010009	
G2	00040001000a	

Apply

Label	Description
DHCP Relay	Enable/Disable DHCP Relay Agent.
DHCP Server IP Address and VID	Specify the IP address and VID of DHCP server. "0.0.0.0" means server is inactive.
DHCP Option 82 Remote ID	"Option 82 Remote ID" provides an identifier for the remote server. There are 4 types supported: IP, MAC, Client-ID, and Other.
DHCP Option 82 Circuit-ID Table	"Option 82 Circuit-ID" encodes an agent-local identifier of the circuit from which a DHCP client-to-server packet was received. It is intended for use by agents in relaying DHCP responses back to the proper circuit.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.

## **Port Setting**

### **Port Control**

Set the state, speed/duplex, flow control, and security of the port.

#### Port Control

Port No.	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control	Security
PurL01	Enable -	AutoNegoliation -	Symmetric 🔻	Disable •
Port.02	Enable •	AutoNegotiation •	Symmetric •	Disable •
Port.03	Enable -	AutoNegotiation -	Symmetric -	Disable -
Port.04	Enable -	AutoNegotiation -	Symmetric -	Disable -
Port.05	Enable -	AutoNegotiation -	Symmetric -	Disable -
Port.06	Enable +	AutoNegotiation -	Symmetric -	Disable •
Port.07	Enable -	AutoNegotiation +	Symmetric -	Disable •
Port.08	Enable -	AutoNegotiation +	Symmetric 👻	Disable •
G1	Enable 👻	AutoNegotiation 👻	Symmetric 👻	Disable •
G2	Fnable 🔻	AutoNegotiation -	Symmetric -	Disable •

Apply Help

Port Control interface

Label	Description
Port No.	Port number for setting.
State	Enable/Disable the port.
Speed/Duplex	Set Auto-negotiation, 100-full, 100-half, 10-full or 10-half mode.
Flow Control	Support symmetric and asymmetric mode to avoid packet loss when congestion occurred.
Security	Enabling port security will disable MAC address learning in this port. Only the frames with MAC addresses in the port security list will be forwarded, otherwise the frames will be discarded.
Auto Detect 100/1000	Auto Detect SFP port SFP Module speed (100/1000Mbps)
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

#### **Port Status**

The following information provides the current port status information.

#### Port Status

Port No.	Туре	Link	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control
Port.01	1001X	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.05	100TX	UP	Enable	100 Full	Enable
Port.06	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.07	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.08	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
G1	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
G2	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A

Port Status interface

#### **Rate Limit**

Limit the traffic of all ports, including broadcast, multicast and flooded unicast. You can also set **Ingress** or **Egress** to limit traffic received or transmitted bandwidth.

#### Rate Limit

Port No.	Ingress Limit Frame Type		Ingress		Egress	
Port.01	All	-	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.02	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.03	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.04	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.05	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.06	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.07	All	-	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.08	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
G1	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
G2	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps

Rate range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps (i.e. 100Mbps) for mega-ports, or 256000 kbps (i.e. 250Mbps) for giga-ports. Zero means no limit.

Apply Help

Rate Limit interface

Label	Description
Ingress Limit Frame Type	Set the mode of the Ingress port from: All, Broadcast Only, Broadcast/Multicast or Broadcast/Multicast/ Flooded Unicast
Ingress	The switch port received traffic. For no limit, set to zero (0).
Egress	The switch port transmitted traffic. For no limit, set to zero (0).
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

### Port Trunk

### Port Trunk - Setting

You can select static trunk or 802.3ad LACP to combine several physical links with a logical link to increase the bandwidth.

#### Port Trunk - Setting

Port No.	Group ID	Туре
Port.01	None -	Static -
Port.02	None -	Static -
Port.03	None -	Static -
Port.04	None -	Static -
Port.05	None -	Static 💌
Port.06	None -	Static 💌
Port.07	None 🔻	Static -
Port.08	None 🔻	Static -
G1	None -	Static -
G2	None -	Static 👻

Note: the types should be the same for all member ports in a group.

### 802.3ad LACP Work Ports

Group ID	Work Ports
Trunk1	max 🔻
Trunk2	max 👻
Trunk3	max 🔻
Trunk4	max 👻
Trunk5	max 👻

Apply Help

Port Trunk - Setting interface

Label	Description
Group ID	Select port to join a trunk group.
Туре	Support static trunk and 802.3ad LACP
Work Port	Select the number of active ports in dynamic group (LACP). The default value of works ports is maximum number of the group. If the number is not maximum number of ports, the other inactive ports in dynamic group will be suspended (no traffic). Once the active port is broken, the suspended port will be active automatically.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

# Port Trunk - Status

#### Port Trunk - Status

Group ID	Trunk Member	Туре
Trunk 1	N/A	Static
Trunk 2	N/A	Static
Trunk 3	N/A	Static
Trunk 4	N/A	Static
Trunk 5	N/A	Static

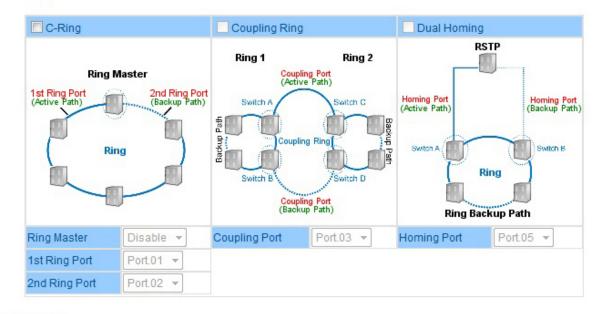
Port Trunk - Status interface

Label	Description
Group ID	Trunk Group number
Trunk Member	Show Group port info

### C-Ring

C-Ring is the most powerful Redundant Ring in the world. The recovery time is less than 10ms. It can reduce unexpected damage caused by a network topology change. C-Ring supports three Ring topologies: C-Ring, Coupling Ring and Dual Homing.

# C-Ring



Apply Help

C-Ring interface

Label	Description
Enable Ring	Mark to enable Ring.
Enable Ring Master	There should be only one Ring Master in a ring. If there are two or more switches that set Ring Master to enable, the switch with the lowest MAC address will be the actual Ring Master and others will be Backup Masters.
1st Ring Port	The primary port, when this switch is Ring Master.
2nd Ring Port	The backup port, when this switch is Ring Master.
Enable Coupling Ring	Mark to enable the Coupling Ring. Coupling Ring can be used to divide a big ring into two smaller rings to avoid affecting all switches when network topology changes. It is a good application for connecting two Rings.
Coupling Port	Link to Coupling Port of the switch in another ring. Coupling Ring need four switch to build an active and a backup link. Set a port as coupling port. The coupled four ports of four switches will be run at active/backup mode.
Control Port	Link to Control Port of the switch in the same ring. Control Port used to transmit control signals.
Enable Dual Homing	Mark to enable Dual Homing. By selecting Dual Homing mode, ComRing will be connected to normal switches through two RSTP links (ex: backbone Switch). The two links work as active/backup mode, and connect each ComRing to the normal switches in RSTP mode.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.

Note: ComNet does not recommend setting one switch as a Ring Master and a Coupling Ring at the same time due to heavy load.

INS\_CNGE2FE8MSPOE+\_REV-

### Legacy Ring

#### Legacy Ring



Apply

Legacy Ring interface

Legacy ring provides support for the switch to be used in an existing ring of ComNet X-Ring enabled switches.

X-Ring provides a faster redundant recovery than Spanning Tree topology. The action is similar to STP or RSTP, but the algorithms between them are not the same. In the X-Ring topology, every switch should be enabled with X-Ring or Legacy Ring function and two ports should be assigned as the member ports in the ring. Only one switch in the X-Ring group would be set as the master switch that one of its two member ports would be blocked, called backup port, and another port is called working port. Other switches in the X-Ring group are called working switches and their two member ports are called working ports. When the failure of network connection occurs, the backup port of the master switch (Ring Master) will automatically become a working port to recover from the failure.

The switch supports the function and interface for setting the switch as the ring master or not. The ring master can negotiate and place command to other switches in the X-Ring group. If there are 2 or more switches in master mode, the software will select the switch with lowest MAC address number as the ring master. The X-Ring master ring mode can be enabled by setting the Legacy Ring configuration interface. Also, the user can identify whether the switch is the ring master by checking the R.M. LED indicator on the front panel of the switch.

Label	Description
Legacy Ring	To enable the Legacy Ring (X-Ring) function, tick the checkbox beside the Legacy Ring label. If this checkbox is not ticked, all the ring functions are unavailable.
Master	Select Enable for this switch to be the ring master or Disable for this switch to be a working switch.
1st Ring Port	The primary port, when this switch is Ring Master. Select a port to assign from the pull down selection menu.
2nd Ring Port	The backup port, used when this switch is Ring Master and the primary port fails. Select a port to assign from the pull down selection menu.
Save	Select to save changes.
Refresh	Select to refresh the page immediately.

### **COM-Ring**

You can add ComNet switches into a network constructed by another ring technology and enable COM-Ring to cooperate with another vendor's managed switch.

### COM-Ring

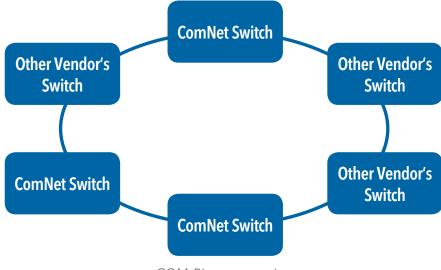
Enable		
Vender	Мохх	~
1stRing Port	Port.01 💌	
2nd King Port	Port.U2 💌	

#### Apply

ComRing interface

Label	Description
Enable	Enable the COM-Ring function
Vendor	Select the vendor whose ring you want to join
1st Ring Port	Select the port that connects to the ring
2nd Ring Port	Select the port that connects to the ring

The application of COM-Ring is shown as below.



COM-Ring connection

# C-RSTP

C-RSTP is proprietary redundant ring technology invented by ComNet. Different from standard STP/RSTP, the recovery time of C-RSTP is <10ms and supports more nodes of connection in a ring topology.

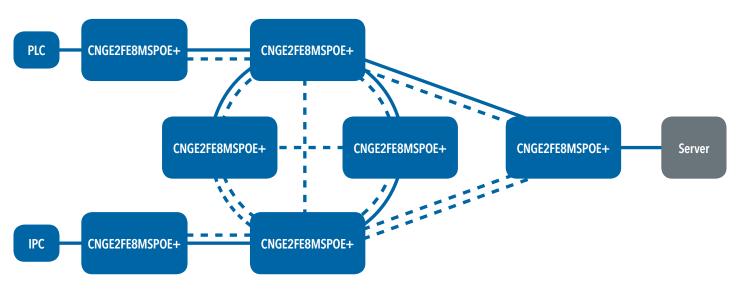
Port No.	Active	State
Port.01		INACTIVE
Port.02		INACTIVE
Port.03		INACTIVE
Port.04		INACTIVE
Port.05		INACTIVE
Port.06		INACTIVE
Port 07		INACTIVE
Port.08		INACTIVE
G1		INACTIVE
G2		INACTIVE

Apply Help

C-RSTP



The application of C-RSTP is shown as below.



C-RSTP connection

#### **RSTP**

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol. It provides faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

#### **RSTP** setting

You can enable/disable RSTP function, and set parameters for each port.

RSTP Setting		
RSTP Mode: Enable -		
Bridge Setting		
Priority (0-61440)	61440	
Max Age Time(6-40)	20	
Hello Time (1-10)	2	
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15	

RSTP Setting interface

Label	Description
RSTP mode	You must enable or disable the RSTP function before configuring the related parameters.
Priority (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, You must restart the switch. The value must be a multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
Max Age Time(6-40)	The number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value from 6 through 40.
Hello Time (1-10)	The time that controls switch sends out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value from 1 through 10.
Forwarding Delay Time (4-30)	The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a value from 4 through 30.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

### NOTE: Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time. $2 \times (Forward Delay Time value -1) \ge Max Age value \ge 2 \times (Hello Time value +1)$

View the RSTP algorithm results at this table

# **RSTP Information**

# **Root Bridge Information**

Bridge ID	8000-00223B0A0220
Root Priority	32768
Root Port	N/A
Root Path Cost	0
Max Age Time	20
Hello Time	2
Forward Delay Time	15

### **Port Information**

Port	Path Cost	Port Priority	OperP2P	OperEdge	STP Neighbor	State	Role
Port.01	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.02	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.03	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.04	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.05	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.06	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.07	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.08	200000	128	True	True	False	Forwarding	Designated
G1	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
G2	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled

# Port Setting

Port No.	Enable	Path Cost(0:auto, 1-200000000)	Priority (0-240)	P2P	Edge
Port.01	enable 💌	0	128	auto 💌	true 💌
Port.02	enable 💌	0	128	auto 💌	true 💌
Port.03	enable 💌	0	128	auto 💌	true 💌
Port.04	enable 💌	0	128	auto 💌	true 💌
Port.05	enable 💌	0	128	auto 💌	true 💌
Port.06	enable 💌	0	128	auto 💌	true 💌
Port.07	enable 💌	0	128	auto 💌	true 💌
Port.08	enable 💌	0	128	auto 💌	true 💌
G1	enable 💌	0	128	auto 💌	true 💌
G2	enable 🗸	0	128	auto 💌	true 🗸

Apply Help

Label	Description
Path Cost (1-200000000)	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200,000,000.
Port Priority (0-240)	Decide that port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a numerical value that is a multiple of 16, 0 through 240.
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. It is served by a point-to- point LAN segment), or it can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. It is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True means P2P enabling. False means P2P disabling.
Admin Edge	The port directly connected to end stations, and it cannot create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to <b>True</b> .
Admin Non STP	The port includes the STP mathematic calculation. True is not including STP mathematic calculation. False is including the STP mathematic calculation.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

#### **MSTP**

Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) is a standard protocol base on IEEE 802.1s. The function is that several VLANs can be mapped to a reduced number of spanning tree instances because most networks do not need more than a few logical topologies. It supports load-balancing schemes and the CPU is sparer than PVST (Cisco proprietary technology).

ISTP Enable	Enable 🔻
orce Version	MSTP -
Configuration Name	MSTP_SWITCH
Revision Level (0-65535)	0
Priority (0-61440)	32768
Max Age Time (6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
orward Delay Time (4-30)	15
Max Hops (1-40)	20

Priority must be a multiple of 4096.

2\*(Forward Delay Time-1) should be greater than or equal to the Max Age. The Max Age should be greater than or equal to 2\*(Hello Time + 1).



#### MSTP Setting interface

Label	Description
MSTP Enable	Enable/disable MSTP function to configure the related parameters.
Force Version	The Force Version parameter can be used to force a VLAN Bridge that supports RSTP to operate in an STP-compatible manner.
Configuration Name	The same MST Region must have the same MST configuration name.
Revision Level (0-65535	)The same MST Region must have the same revision level.
Priority (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, you must reboot the switch. The value must be a multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
Max Age Time(6-40)	Time, in seconds, a bridge will wait to receive Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value 6 through 40.
Hello Time (1-10)	Follow the rule below to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time a controlled switch sends out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10. 2 x (Forward Delay Time value -1) $\geq$ Max Age value $\geq$ 2 x (Hello Time value +1)
Forwarding Delay Time (4-30)	Time, in seconds, a port will wait before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a value 4 through 30.
Max Hops (1-40)	This parameter is additional to those specified for RSTP. A single value applies to all Spanning Trees within an MST Region (the CIST and all MSTIs) for that the Bridge is the Regional Root.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

#### **MSTP** Port

Port No.	Priority (0-240)	Path Cost (1-200000000, 0:Auto)	Admin P2P	Admin Fdge	Admin Non Stp
Port.01 A Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 T	128	0	auto 💌	true 👻	false 🔻

priority must be a multiple of 16

Apply

#### MSTP Port interface

Label	Description
Port No.	Select the port that you want to configure.
Priority (0-240)	Select which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a multiple of 16, 0 through 240.
Path Cost (1-200000000)	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200000000.
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port in question can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. It is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or whether it can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. It is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True - P2P enabled. False - P2P disabled.
Admin Edge	Label
Admin Non STP	Label
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

#### **MSTP** Instance

nstance	State	VLANs	Priority (0-61440)
1 🔻	Enable +	1-4094	32768

Apply

MSTP Instance interface

Label	Description
Instance	Set the instance from 1 to 15
State	Enable or disable the instance
VLANs	Set that VLAN will belong that instance
Proprietary (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, You must reboot the switch. The value must be a multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

#### **MSTP Instance Port**

Port	Priority (0-240)	Path Cost (1-20000000, 0:Auto)	
Port.01 A Port.02 E Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 T	128	U	

Apply

MSTP Instance Port interface

Label	Description
Instance	Set the instance's information except CIST
Port	Select the port that you want to configure.
Priority (0-240)	Decide that port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a multiple of 16, 0 through 240.
Path Cost (1-200000000)	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200000000.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.

# **Multicast**

#### **IGMP** Snooping

Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is used by IP hosts to register their dynamic multicast group membership. IGMP has 3 versions, IGMP v1, v2 and v3. Please refer to RFC 1112, 2236 and 3376. IGMP Snooping improves the performance of networks that carry multicast traffic. It provides the ability to prune multicast traffic so that it travels only to those end destinations that require that traffic and reduces the amount of traffic on the Ethernet LAN.

IGMP Sr	nooping		
IGM	P Snooping : Er	able V2 🔻	
IGMI	P Query Mode:	Disable 🔻	
Apply Help			
IGMI	P Snooping Tab	ele	
IP Add	ress VLAN IE		_Member Port

IGMP Snooping interface

Label	Description
IGMP Snooping Table	Show current IP multicast list
IGMP Protocol	Enable/Disable IGMP snooping.
IGMP Query	Set switch IGMP querier status. There should exist only one IGMP querier in an IGMP application. Auto - the querier will be the switch with the lowest IP address.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

## **Static Multicast Filtering**

Static multicast filtering is the system by that end stations only receive multicast traffic if they register to join specific multicast groups. With multicast filtering, network devices only forward multicast traffic to the ports that are connected to registered end stations.

Mul	Multicast Filtering		
	IP Address		
		Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04	
	Member Ports	Port.05 Port.06 Port.07 Port.08	
		G1 G2	
Add	Delete Hel	D	
	Multicast	Filtering List	
	IP Address	Member Ports	

Multicast Filtering Interface

Label	Description
IP Address	Assign a multicast group IP address within the range of 224.0.0.0 through 239.255.255.255
Member Ports	Select port numbers to include them as the member ports in the specific multicast group IP address.
Add	Show current IP multicast list
Delete	Delete an entry from the table.
Help	Show help file.

### VLAN

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain that allows you to isolate network traffic. Only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is the logical equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still physically plugged into the same switch.

The switch supports port-based and 802.1Q (tagged-based) VLAN. The default configuration of VLAN operation mode is "802.1Q".

### VLAN Setting - IEEE 802.1Q

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard, and it is possible to create a VLAN across devices from different switch vendors. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a "tag" into the Ethernet frames. The Tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers.

You can create Tag-based VLAN, and enable or disable GVRP protocol. There are 256 VLAN groups to provide configure. Enable 802.1Q VLAN, the all ports on the switch belong to default VLAN, VID is 1. The default VLAN cannot be deleted.

GVRP allows automatic VLAN configuration between the switch and nodes. If the switch is connected to a device with GVRP enabled, you can send a GVRP request by using the VID of a VLAN defined on the switch; the switch will automatically add that device to the existing VLAN.

GVRP Manag	Operatio Mode : ⊡ gement V Configur	)isat	N ID : 0	Apply	
PortNo.	Link Type		Untagged VID	Tagged VIDs	
Port.01	Access	~	1		
Port.02	Access	~	1		
Port.03	Access	~	1		
Port.04	Access	~	1		
Port.05	Access	~	1		
Port.06	Access	~	1		
Port.07	Access	~	1		
Port.08	Access	~	1		
G1	Access	~	1		
	Access	~	1		

VLAN Configuration - 802.1Q interface

Label	Description		
VLAN Operation Mode	Select VLAN Opera	ation Mode: Disable, Port Base, 802.1Q	
GVRP Mode	Enable/Disable GV	RP function.	
Management VLAN ID	Management VLAN can provide network administrator a secure VLAN to management Switch. Only the devices in the management VLAN can access the switch.		
Port	Select the port to configure.		
Link type	Access Link: Trunk Link: Hybrid Link:	om the following options: Single switch only, allows grouping of ports by setting the same VID. Extended application of Access Link, allows grouping of ports by setting the same VID with 2 or more switches. Both Access Link and Trunk Link are available. Allows one more VLAN tag in a original VLAN frame.	
Untagged VID	Set the port default VLAN ID for untagged devices that connect to the port. The range is 1 to 4094.		
Tagged VIDs	Set the tagged VIDs	to carry different VLAN frames to other switch.	
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to act	ivate the configurations.	

### **VLAN Setting - Port Based**

Traffic is forwarded to the member ports of the same vlan group. vlan port based startup, set in the same group of the port, can be a normal transmission packet, without restricting the types of packets.

VLAN Setting
VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based V Port Based VLAN List
CCTV10
Add Edit Delete Help

VLAN Configuration - Port Base interface-1

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Add	Click "add" to enter VLAN add interface.
Edit	Edit exist VLAN
Delete	Delete exist VLAN
Help	Show help file.

# **VLAN Setting**

VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based V

	Group Name		
	VLAN ID	1	
	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.07 G1 G2 G3	Add Remove	
Apply	Help		

VLAN Configuration - Port Base interface-2

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Group Name	VLAN name.
VLAN ID	Specify the VLAN ID
Add	Select port to join the VLAN group.
Remove	Remove port of the VLAN group
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

#### SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

#### **SNMP - Agent Setting**

You can set SNMP agent related information by Agent Setting Function.

SNMP Agent Version	n: SNMPV1/V2c ▼ Apply
SNMP V1/V2c Comn	
Community String	Privilege
public	Read Only -
private	Read and Write 🔻
private	Read and Write   Read Only

SNMP - Agent setting interface

Label	Description
SNMP agent Version	Three SNMP versions are supported such as SNMP V1/SNMP V2c, and SNMP V3. SNMP V1/SNMP V2c agent uses a community string match for authentication, that means SNMP servers access objects with read-only or read/write permissions with the community default string public/private. SNMP V3 requires an authentication level of MD5 or DES to encrypt data to enhance data security.
SNMP V1/V2c Community	SNMP Community should be set for SNMP V1/V2c. Four sets of "Community String/Privilege" are supported. Each Community String is maximum 32 characters. Keep empty to remove this Community string.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

### SNMPV3

#### SNMPv3 Engine ID: aa7e000003001e940118e7

SNMPv3 User

User Name	
Auth Password	
Privacy Password	
	Add Remove

Current SNMPv3 User Profile

User Name Auth. Password Priv. Password

Label	Description
Context Table	Configure SNMP v3 context table. Assign the context name of context table. Select <b>Apply</b> to change context name
User Table	Configure SNMP v3 user table. User ID: set up the user name. Authentication Password: set up the authentication password. Privacy Password: set up the private password. Select <b>Add</b> to add context name. Select <b>Remove</b> to remove unwanted context name.
Group Table	Configure SNMP v3 group table. Security Name (User ID): assign the user name that you have set up in user table. Group Name: set up the group name. Select <b>Add</b> to add context name. Select <b>Remove</b> to remove unwanted context name.
Access Table	Configure SNMP v3 access table. Context Prefix: set up the context name. Group Name: set up the group. Security Level: select the access level. Context Match Rule: select the context match rule. Read View Name: set up the read view. Write View Name: set up the write view. Notify View Name: set up the notify view. Select <b>Add</b> to add context name. Select <b>Remove</b> to remove unwanted context name.
MIBview Table	Configure MIB view table. ViewName: set up the name. Sub-Oid Tree: fill the Sub OID. Type: select the type - exclude or included. Select <b>Add</b> to add context name. Select <b>Remove</b> to remove unwanted context name.
Help	Show help file.

### **SNMP** -Trap Setting

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will be issued. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define management stations as a trap manager and enter SNMP community strings and select the SNMP version.

Community	v	
	on	
Trap Se	erver Profil	е
Server IP	Community	Trap Version

# SNMP - Tran Setting

SNMP -Trap Setting interface

Label	Description
Server IP	The server IP address to receive Trap
Community	Community for authentication
Trap Version	Trap Version supports V1 and V2c and V3
Add	Add trap server profile.
Remove	Remove trap server profile.
Help	Show help file.

### **Traffic Prioritization**

Traffic Prioritization includes 3 modes: port base, 802.1p/COS, and TOS/DSCP. By traffic prioritization function, you can classify the traffic into four classes for differential network application. IGS-3044GP(GC) series support 4 priority queues.

# Qos policy

Pol	licy
	QoS Mode : Disable -
	QoS Policy :
	Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme
	Use a strict priority scheme
Appl	y Help

Traffic Prioritization interface

Description
<b>Port-base:</b> the output priority is determined by ingress port.
<b>COS only:</b> the output priority is determined by COS only.
<b>TOS only:</b> the output priority is determined by TOS only.
<b>COS first:</b> the output priority is determined by COS and TOS, but COS first.
TOS first: the output priority is determined by COS and TOS, but TOS first.
<b>Using the 8,4,2,1 weight fair queue scheme:</b> the output queues will follow 8:4:2:1 ratio to transmit packets from the highest to lowest queue. For example: 8 high queue packets, 4 middle queue packets, 2 low queue packets, and the one lowest queue packets are transmitted in one turn.
<b>Use the strict priority scheme:</b> always the packets in higher queue will be transmitted first until higher queue is empty.
Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.
Show help file.

### **Port-base priority**

#### **Port-based Priority**



Apply Help

Port-based Priority interface

Priority	Assign Port with one of four available priority queues: High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

# COS/802.1p

COS/802.1p

COS	Priorit	Y
0	Lowest	•
1	Lowest	•
2	Low	•
3	Low	•
4	Middle	•
5	Middle	•
6	High	•
7	High	•

#### **COS Port Default**

Port No.	COS
Port.01	0 🔻
Port.02	0 🔻
Port.03	0 🔻
Port.04	0 🔻
Port.05	0 -
Port.06	0 -
Port.07	0 -
Port.08	0 -
G1	0 -
G2	0 -

Apply Help

COS/802.1p interface

COS/802.1p	COS (Class Of Service) is also known as 802.1p. It describes that the output priority of a packet is determined by the user priority field in 802.1Q VLAN tag. The priority value is supported 0to7.COS value map to 4 priority queues: <b>High</b> , <b>Middle</b> , <b>Low</b> , and <b>Lowest</b> .
COS Port Default	When an ingress packet has no VLAN tag, a default priority value is considered and determined by ingress port.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

### TOS/DSCP

#### TOS/DSCP

DSCP	0		1		2		3		4		5		6		7	
Priority	Lowest	٠	Lowest	٠	Lowest	•	Lowest	٠	Lowest	•	Lowest	•	Lowest	٠	Lowest	•
DSCP	8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15	
Priority	Lowest	-	Lowest	-	Lowest	•	Lowest	-								
DSCP	16		17		18		19		20		21		22		23	
Priority	Low	•	Low	٠	Low	•										
DSCP	24		25		26		27		28		29		30		31	
Priority	Low	•	Low	٠	Low	•	Low	•	Low	•	Low	•	Low	٠	Low	•
DSCP	32		33		34		35		36		37		38		39	
Priority	Middle	•	Middle	-	Middle	•	Middle	-	Middle	-	Middle	-	Middle	-	Middle	
DSCP	40		41		42		43		44		45		46		47	
Priority	Middle	•														
DSCP	48		49		50		51		52		53		54		55	
Priority	High	•	High	Ŧ												
DSCP	56		57		58		59		60		61		62		63	
Priority	High	•	High													

Apply Help

#### TOS/DSCP interface

TOS/DSCPTOS (Type of Service) is a field in the IP header of a packet. This TOS field is also<br/>used by Differentiated Services and is called the Differentiated Services Code<br/>Point (DSCP). This field can determine the output priority of a packet and the<br/>priority value is supported 0to63. DSCP value map to 4 priority queues: High,<br/>Middle, Low, and Lowest.ApplySelect Apply to set the configurations.HelpShow help file.

### Security

Five useful functions can enhance security of switch: IP Security, Port Security, MAC Blacklist, and MAC address Aging and 802.1x protocol.

#### Management Security

Only IP in the Secure IP List can manage the switch through your defined management mode. (WEB, Telnet, SNMP)

IP Secur	ity Mode: Disabl
Enable T	/EB Management elnet Management NMP Management P L ict
Secure IP1	0.0.0.0
Secure IP2	0.0.0.0
Secure IP3	0.0.0.0
Secure IP4	0.0.0.0
Secure IP5	0.0.0.0
Secure IP6	0.0.0.0
Secure IP7	0.0.0.0
Secure IP8	0.0.0.0
o o o dar o n o	
Secure IP9	0.0.00

IP Security interface

Label	Description
IP security MODE	Enable/Disable the IP security function.
Enable WEB Management	Mark the blank to enable WEB Management.
Enable Telnet Management	Mark the blank to enable Telnet Management.
Enable SNMP Management	Mark the blank to enable MPSN Management.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

## Static MAC Forwarding

Static MAC Forwarding is to add static MAC addresses to hardware forwarding database. If port security is enabled at Port Control page, only the frames with MAC addresses in this list will be forwarded, otherwise will be discarded.

Port Security	
MAC Address	
Port No.	Port.01 -
Add Delete Help	
Port Securi	ity List
MAC Address	Port
L	

Port Security interface

Label	Description	
MAC Address	Input MAC Address to a specific port.	
Port NO.	Select port of switch.	
Add	Add an entry of MAC and port information.	
Delete	Delete the entry.	
Help	Show help file.	

#### **MAC Blacklist**

MAC Blacklist can eliminate the traffic forwarding to specific MAC addresses in list. Any frames forwarding to MAC addresses in this list will be discarded. Thus the target device will never receive any frame.

MAC Blacklist	
MAC Address	
Add Delete Help	
MAC Blacklist	
MAC Address	

MAC Blacklist interface

Label	Description	
MAC Address	Input MAC Address to add to MAC Blacklist.	
Port NO.	Select port of switch.	
Add	Add an entry to Blacklist table.	
Delete	Delete the entry.	
Help	Show help file.	

#### 802.1x

#### 802.1x - Radius Server

802.1x makes the use of the physical access characteristics of IEEE802 LAN infrastructures in order to provide a authenticated and authorized devices attached to a LAN port. Please refer to IEEE 802.1X - Port Based Network Access Control.

	02.1x - Radius Server Radius Server Setting		
802.1x Protocol	Disable 🔻		
Radius Server IP	192.168.16.3		
Server Port	1812		
Accounting Port	1813		
Shared Key	12345678		
NAS, Identifier	NAS_L2_SWITCH		
Advanced Se	tting		
Quiet Period	60		
TX Period	30		
Supplicant Timeout	30		
Server Timeout	30		
Max Requests	2		
Re-Auth Period	3600		

Apply Help

802.1x Radius Server interface

Label	Description		
Radius Server Setting			
802.1x Portocol	Enable or Disable 802.1X Radius Server function		
Radius Server IP	The IP address of the authentication server.		
Server port	Set the UDP port number used by the authentication server to authenticate.		
Account port	Set the UDP destination port for accounting requests to the specified Radius Server.		
Shared Key	A key shared between this switch and authentication server.		
NAS, Identifier	A string used to identify this switch.		
Advanced Setting			
Quiet Period	Set the time interval between authentication failure and the start of a new authentication attempt.		
Tx Period	Set the time that the switch can wait for response to an EAP request/ identity frame from the client before resending the request.		
Supplicant Timeout	Set the period of time the switch waits for a supplicant response to an EAP request.		

INS\_CNGE2FE8MSPOE+\_REV-

Server Timeout	Set the period of time the switch waits for a Radius server response to an authentication request.	
Max Requests	Set the maximum number of times to retry sending packets to the supplicant.	
Re-Auth Period	Set the period of time after that clients connected must be re-authenticated.	
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.	
Help	Show help file.	

### 802.1x-Port Authorized Mode

Set the 802.1x authorized mode of each port.

#### 802.1x - Port Authorize Mode

Port No.	Port Authorize Mode
Port.01	Accept 👻
Port.02	Accept 👻
Port.03	Accept 👻
Port.04	Accept 👻
Port.05	Accept 👻
Port.06	Accept 👻
Port.07	Accept 👻
Port.08	Accept 👻
G1	Accept 👻
G2	Accept -

Apply Help

802.1x Port Authorize interface

Label	Description	
Port Authorized	Reject: force this port to be unauthorized.	
Mode Accept: force this port to be authorized.		
	Authorize: the state of this port was determined by the outcome of the 802.1x authentication.	
	Disable: this port will not participate in 802.1x.	
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.	
Help	Show help file.	

### 802.1x-Port Authorized Mode

Show 802.1x port authorized state.

#### 802.1x - Port Authorize State

Port No.	Port Authorize State
Port.01	Accept
Port.02	Accept
Port.03	Accept
Port.04	Accept
Port.05	Accept
Port.06	Accept
Port.07	Accept
Port.08	Accept
G1	Accept
G2	Accept

802.1x Port Authorize State interface

#### TACACS+

#### TACACS+

#### Server Configuration

Enable	ed Server IP Address	Port	Secret Key
	0.0.00	49	
	0.0.0.0	49	
	0.0.0.0	49	
	0.0.0.0	49	
	0.0.0.0	49	

#### **Client Configuration**

Client	Authentication Method
Console	Local -
Telnet	Local -
Web	Local -

Apply

#### Warning

Warning: function is very important for managing the switch. You can manage the switch by SYSLOG, E-MAIL, and Fault Relay. It helps monitor the switch status on remote site. When events occur, the warning message will be sent to your appointed server, E-MAIL, or relay fault to switch panel.

System alarm supports two warning modes: 1. SYSLOG. 2. E-MAIL. You can monitor the switch through selected system events.

Warning - Fault Relay Alarm

When any selected fault event happens, the Fault LED in switch panel will light and the electric relay will signal at the same time.

Fault Alarm	
Power Failure	i i i
PWR 1	PWR 2
Port Link Dow	/n/Broken
Port.01	Port.02
Port.03	Port.04
Port.05	Port.06
Port.07	Port.08
🗖 G1	G2
Apply	

System Warning - SYSLOG Setting

The SYSLOG is a protocol to transmit event notification messages across networks. Please refer to RFC 3164 - The BSD SYSLOG Protocol

SYSLOG Mode	Both -
SYSLOG Server IP Addres	192.168.10.22

System Warning - SYSLOG Setting interface

Label	Description
SYSLOG Mode	Disable: disable SYSLOG. Client Only: log to local system. Server Only: log to a remote SYSLOG server. Both: log to both of local and remote server.
SYSLOG Server IP Address	The remote SYSLOG Server IP address.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

# System Warning - SMTP Setting

The SMTP is Short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. It is a protocol for e-mail transmission across the Internet. Please refer to RFC 821 - Simple Mail Transfer Protocol.

SMTP Server Address	0.0.0.0
Sender E-mail Address	administrator
Mail Subject	Automated Email Alert
Authentication	
Recipient E-mail Address 1	
Recipient E-mail Address 2	
Recipient E-mail Address 3	
Recipient E-mail Address 4	
Recipient E-mail Address 5	
Recipient E-mail Address 6	

#### System Warning - SMTP Setting

#### Apply Help

System Warning - SMTP Setting interface

Label	Description
E-mail Alart	Enable/Disable transmission system warning events by Email.
SMTP Server IP Address	Setting up the mail server IP address
Mail Subject	The subject line of the Email
Sender	Set up the Email account from which to send the alert.
Authentication	Username: the authentication username. Password: the authentication password. Confirm Password: re-enter password.
Recipient E-mail Address	The recipient Email address(es). Supports up to 6 recipients.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

System Warning - Event Selection

SYSLOG and SMTP are the two warning methods that supported by the system. Check the corresponding box to enable system event warning method you wish to choose. Please note that the checkbox cannot be checked when SYSLOG or SMTP is disabled.

Event		SYSLOG	SMTF
System Cold S	itart	V	
Power Status			
SNMP Authent	ication Failure		<b>V</b>
C-Ring Lopolo	C-Ring Topology Change		<b>V</b>
Port Ever			
Port No.	SYSLOG	SMTP	
Port.01	Disable 🔹	Disable	•
Port.02	Disable -	Disable	-
Port.03	Disable -	Link Up & Link Do	own 🝷
Port.04	Disable 🔹	Disable	•
Port.05	Disable -	Disable	•
Port.06	Disable 🔹	Disable	•
Port.07	Disable 🔹	Disable	•
Port.08	Disable 🔹	Disable	•
G1	Disable 🔹	Disable	-
C2	Disable -	Disable	-

Apply Help

System Warning - Event Selection interface

Label	Description
Device cold start	When the device executes cold start, the system will issue a log event.
Device warm start	When the device executes warm start, the system will issue a log event.
Authentication Failure	Alert when SNMP authentication failure.
ComRing topology change	Alert when ComRing topology changes.
Port Event	Disable Link Up Link Down Link Up & Link Down
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

#### Monitor and Diag

#### **MAC Address Table**

Refer to IEEE 802.1 D Sections 7.9. The MAC Address Table, that is Filtering Database, supports queries by the Forwarding Process, as to whether a frame received by a given port with a given destination MAC address is to be forwarded through a given potential transmission port.

MAC Address Table
Port No : Port.01
Current MAC Address
Dynamic Address Count : 0
Static Address Count : 0
Clear MAC Table Help

#### **MAC Address Aging**

MAC Address Table Aging Time: (0~3825) 300 secs

Apply Help

MAC Address Table interface

Label	Description
Port NO. :	Show all MAC addresses mapping to a selected port in table.
Flush MAC Table	Clear all MAC addresses in table
MAC Address Aging Time	Assign aging time MUST be multiple of 15.
Auto Flush Table When Ports Link Down	Enable this function, when port link down, the switch will Flush MAC table.
MAC Address Auto Learning	Enable or Disable MAC Learning function.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to set the configurations.

#### **Port Overview**

Port statistics show several statistics counters for all ports

#### **Port Statistics**

Port	Туре	Link	State	TX Good Packet	TX Bad Packet	RX Good Packet	RX Bad Packet	TX Abort Packet	Packet Collision
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.05	100TX	Up	Enable	41181	0	46412	0	0	0
Port.06	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.07	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.08	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
G1	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
G2	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0

Clear Help

Port Overview interface

Label	Description
Туре	Show port speed and media type.
Link	Show port link status.
State	Show ports enable or disable.
TX GOOD Packet	The number of good packets sent by this port.
TX Bad Packet	The number of bad packets sent by this port.
RX GOOD Packet	The number of good packets received by this port.
RX Bad Packet	The number of bad packets received by this port.
TX Abort Packet	The number of packets aborted by this port.
Packet Collision	The number of times a collision detected by this port.
Clear	Clear all counters.
Help	Show help file.

#### **Port Monitoring**

Port monitoring function supports TX (egress) only, RX (ingress) only, and both TX/RX monitoring. TX monitoring sends any data that egress out checked TX source ports to a selected TX destination port as well. RX monitoring sends any data that ingress in checked RX source ports out to a selected RX destination port as well as sending the frame where it normally would have gone. Keep all source ports unchecked in order to disable port monitoring.

Det	Destina	Source Port		
Port	RX	TX	RX	TX
Port.01	۲	۲		
Port.02	$\odot$	0		
Port.03	$\bigcirc$	0		
Port.04	$\bigcirc$	0		
Port.05	$\bigcirc$	0		
Port.06	$\bigcirc$	0		
Port.07	$\bigcirc$	0		
Port.08	$\bigcirc$	0		
G1	$\bigcirc$	0		
G2	0	0		

#### **Port Monitoring**

Apply Help

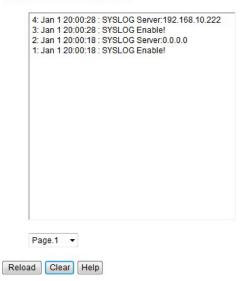
Port monitoring interface

Label	Description
Destination Port	The port will receive a copied frame from the source port for monitoring purposes.
Source Port	The port will be monitored. Mark the blank of TX or RX to be monitored.
ТХ	The frames come into switch port.
RX	The frames receive by switch port.
Apply	Select <b>Apply</b> to activate the configurations.
Clear	Disable the function by unchecking all ports.
Help	Show help file.

#### System Event Log

If system log client is enabled, the system event logs will be shown in this table.

#### System Event Log



System event log interface

Label	Description
Page	Select LOG page.
Reload	To get the newest event logs and refresh this page.
Clear	Clear log.
Help	Show help file.

### Power over Ethernet (PoE)

#### System setting

The following interface is the PoE setting interface. There are 8 ports (port 1 to port 8) act as PSE (Power Supply Equipment) ports.

#### Power over Ethernet - System Setting

Maximum Power Budget	240 W		
	Max of AF/AT		
Power Limit Mode	Class		
	Configuration		
Total Power Consumption	0 W		
Power Voltage	47.8 V		
POE Chip Temperature	55 °C		
POE Chip Status	Normal		

Apply

Label	Description			
Maximum Power Budget	Set the maximum power available.			
Power Limit Mode	<ul> <li>Max of AF/AT: Automatically detects the Powered Device (PD) and selects the most suitable mode.</li> <li>Class: Automatically determine how much power each port reserves based on the class of the connected PD.</li> <li>Configuration: Each port power output follows the "Port Setting&gt; Power Limit" value (36W Max).</li> </ul>			
Total Power Consumption	Total Power Consumption for the switch in watts.			
PoE Chip Temperature	Temperature (°C) of the Switch's PoE Chip			
PoE Chip Status	Work status of the PoE chip.			

#### Power over Ethernet - Port Control

The following interface is the PoE setting interface. There are 8 ports (port 1 to port 8) act as PSE (Power Supply Equipment) ports.

#### **Power over Ethernet - Port Control**

Port No.	Enable	Priority		PowerLimit (< 36000 mW)
Port.01	<b>V</b>	Low	~	30000
Port.02	<b>V</b>	Low	~	30000
Port.03	<b>V</b>	Low	~	30000
Port.04	<b>v</b>	Low	~	30000
Port.05	<b>v</b>	Low	~	30000
Port.06	<b>V</b>	Low	~	30000
Port.07		Low	~	30000
Port.08		Low	~	30000

Apply

Label	Description
Port	Port number.
Enable state	Mark the checkbox to enable PoE function for specific ports
Priority	Set port priority for the PoE power management. 1 = C (critical), 2 = H (High), 3 = L (Low)
Power Limit	Set the power limit value. The maximum value must be < 36000

#### Port Status

This screen shows detailed PoE status for each Port.

#### Power over Ethernet - Port Status

Port No.	State	Current (mA)	Voltage (V)	Power (mW)	Determined Class
Port.01	Detecting	0	0.0	0	0:15.4W
Port.02	Detecting	0	0.0	0	0:15.4W
Port.03	Detecting	0	0.0	0	0:15.4W
Port.04	Detecting	0	0.0	0	0:15.4W
Port.05	n/a	0	0.0	0	0:15.4W
Port.06	Detecting	0	0.0	0	0:15.4W
Port.07	Detecting	0	0.0	0	0:15.4W
Port.08	Detecting	0	0.0	0	0:15.4W

Label	Description
Port	Port number
State	Show PSE Status
Current(mA)	Displays current value
Voltage(V)	Displays voltage value
Power(mW)	Displays watt value
Determined Class	Displays the power class. If the Bypass classification is enabled, the class value will not show in here.

#### Save Configuration

If any configuration is changed, visit this screen and save current configuration data to the permanent flash memory. Otherwise, the current configuration will be lost when power is turned off or the system is reset.

#### **Save Configuration**

Save Help

*System Configuration interface* 

Label	Description
Save	Save all configurations.
Help	Show help file.

#### **Factory Default**

#### **Factory Default**

✓ Keep current IP address setting?
 ✓ Keep current username & password?

Reset Help

Factory Default interface

Reset switch to default configuration. Select **Reset** to reset all configurations to the default value. You can select **Keep current IP address setting** and **Keep current username & password** to retain current IP and username and password after reset.

#### System Reboot

#### System Reboot

Please click [Reboot] button to restart switch device.

#### Reboot

System Reboot interface

# **Command Line Interface Management**

### **About CLI Management**

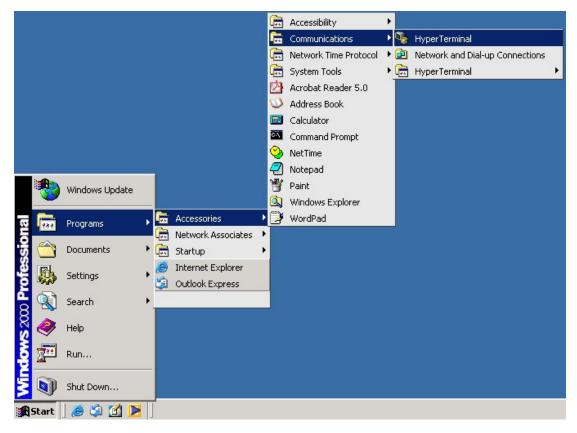
Besides WEB-base management, CNGE2FE8MSPOE+ also supports CLI management. You can use console or telnet to management switch by CLI.

CLI Management by RS-232 Serial Console (9600, 8, none, 1, none)

Before Configuring by the RS-232 serial console, use an RJ45 to DB9-F cable to connect the Switch's RS-232 Console port to your PCs' COM port.

Follow the steps below to access the console via RS-232 serial cable.

Step 1. From the Windows desktop, select on Start -> Programs -> Accessories -> Communications -> Hyper Terminal



#### CNGE2FE8MSPOE+

Step 2. Input a name for new connection

New Connection - HyperTerminal File Edit View Call Transfer Help		<u>_   X</u>
De 93 UN 5		
	Connection Description       ?       ×         Image: Sector of the connection:       Name:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Icon:       Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:       Image: Sector of the connection:         Image: Sector of the connection:	
Disconnected Auto detect Aut	detect SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo	

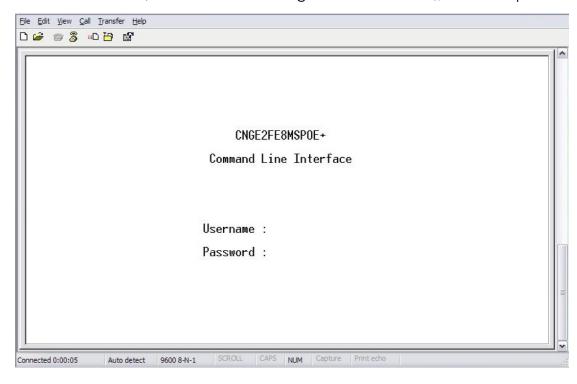
Step 3. Select to use COM port number

🎨 termnial - HyperTerr			<u>- 0 ×</u>
File Edit View Call Tr			
	8 8		
		Connect To	
		termnial	
		<b>S</b>	
		Enter details for the phone number that you want to dial:	
		Country/rogion: Taiwan (886)	
		Arga code: 2	
		Phone number:	
		Cognect using: COM1	
		OK Cancel	
Disconnected	Auto detect	Auto detect SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo	1

Step 4. The COM port properties setting, 9600 for Bits per second, 8 for Data bits, None for Parity, 1 for Stop bits and none for Flow control.

Atermnial - HynerTerminal					
F COM1 Properties		<u> ? ×</u>			
[ Port Settings ]					. [*]
Bits per second. 9	600				
Data bits: 8	<b>•</b>				
Parity N					
Stop bits: 1					
	Restore Default:				
<u> </u>	Cancel Ap	ylqu			
Disconnected Auto	o detect Auto detect	SCROLL CAP	S NUM Capture	Print echo	

Step 5. The Console login screen will appear. Use the keyboard to enter the Username and Password (same as for accessing via Web Browser), and then press **Enter**.



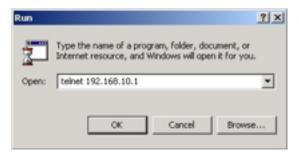
#### CLI Management by Telnet.

Users can use telnet to configure the switches.

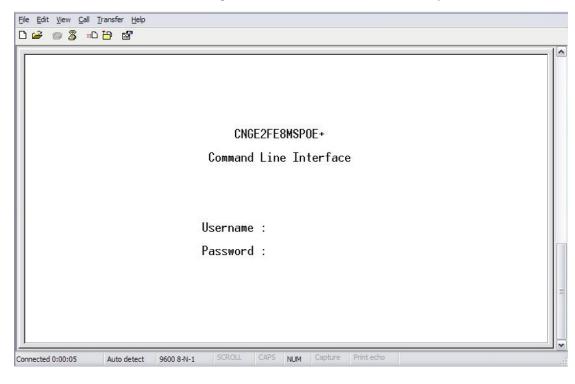
The default value is as below: IP Address: **192.168.10.1** Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0** Default Gateway: **192.168.10.254** User Name: **admin** Password: **admin** 

Follow the steps below to access the console via Telnet.

Step 1. Telnet to the IP address of the switch from the Windows **Run** command (or from the MS-DOS prompt).



Step 2. The Login screen will appear. Use the keyboard to enter the Username and Password (same as for accessing via Web Browser), and then press **Enter**.



# **Commands Level**

Modes	Access Method	Prompt	Exit Method	About This Model
User EXEC	Begin a session with your switch.	switch>	Enter <b>logout</b> or <b>quit</b> .	The user command available at the level of user is the subset of those available at the privileged level. Use this mode to • Enter menu mode. • Display system information.
Privileged EXEC	Enter the <b>enable</b> command while in user EXEC mode.	switch#	Enter <b>disable</b> to exit.	<ul> <li>The privileged command is advance mode</li> <li>Privileged this mode to</li> <li>Display advance function status</li> <li>save configures</li> </ul>
Global configuration	Enter the <b>configure</b> command while in privileged EXEC mode.	switch(config)	#To exit to privileged EXEC mode, enter <b>exit</b> or <b>end</b>	Use this mode to configure parameters that apply to your Switch as a whole.
<b>VLAN</b> database	Enter the <b>vlan</b> <b>database</b> command while in privileged EXEC mode.	switch(vlan)#	To exit to user EXEC mode, enter <b>exit</b> .	Use this mode to configure VLAN-specific parameters.
Interface configuration	Enter the <b>interface</b> command (with a specific interface) while in global configuration mode	if)#	To exit to globa configuration mode, enter <b>exit</b> . To exist privileged EXEC mode or <b>end.</b>	lUse this mode to configure parameters for the switch and Ethernet ports.

# Symbol of Command Level.

Mode	Symbol of Command Level
User EXEC	E
Privileged EXEC	Р
Global configuration	G
VLAN database	V
Interface configuration	I

# **Commands Set List–System Commands Set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
show config	Е	Show switch configuration	switch>show config
show terminal	Р	Show console information	switch#show terminal
write memory	Р	Save your configuration into permanent memory (flash rom)	switch#write memory
system name [System Name]	G	Configure system name	switch(config)#system name xxx
system location [System Location]	G	Set switch system location string	switch(config)#system location xxx
system description [System Description]	G	Set switch system description string	switch(config)#system description xxx
system contact [System Contact]	G	Set switch system contact window string	switch(config)#system contact xxx
show system-info	Е	Show system information	switch>show system-info
ip address [Ip-address] [Subnet-mask] [Gateway]	G	Configure the IP address of switch	switch(config)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.254
ip dhcp	G	Enable DHCP client function of switch	switch(config)#ip dhcp
show ip	Р	Show IP information of switch	switch#show ip
no ip dhcp	G	Disable DHCP client function of switch	switch(config)#no ip dhcp
reload	G	Halt and perform a cold restart	switch(config)#reload
default	G	Restore to default	Switch(config)#default
admin username [Username]	G	Changes a login username. (maximum 10 words)	switch(config)#admin username xxxxxx
admin password [Password]	G	Specifies a password (maximum 10 words)	switch(config)#admin password xxxxxx
show admin	Ρ	Show administrator information	switch#show admin

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dhcpserver enable	G	Enable DHCP Server	switch(config)#dhcpserver enable
dhcpserver lowip [Low IP]	G	Configure low IP address for IP pool	switch(config)# dhcpserver lowip 192.168.1.1
dhcpserver highip [High IP]	G	Configure high IP address for IP poo	lswitch(config)# dhcpserver highip 192.168.1.50
dhcpserver subnetmask [Subnet mask]	G	Configure subnet mask for DHCP clients	switch(config)#dhcpserver subnetmask 255.255.255.0
dhcpserver gateway [Gateway]	G	Configure gateway for DHCP clients	switch(config)#dhcpserver gateway 192.168.1.254
dhcpserver dnsip [DNS IP]	G	Configure DNS IP for DHCP clients	switch(config)# dhcpserver dnsip 192.168.1.1
dhcpserver leasetime [Hours]	G	Configure lease time (in hour)	switch(config)#dhcpserver leasetime 1
dhcpserver ipbinding [IP address]	Ι	Set static IP for DHCP clients by port	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#dhcpserver ipbinding 192.168.1.1
show dhcpserver configuration	Ρ	Show configuration of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver configuration
show dhcpserver clients	Р	Show client entries of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver clinets
show dhcpserver ip-binding	Ρ	Show IP-Binding information of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver ip-binding
no dhcpserver	G	Disable DHCP server function	switch(config)#no dhcpserver
security enable	G	Enable IP security function	switch(config)#security enable
security http	G	Enable IP security of HTTP server	switch(config)#security http
security telnet	G	Enable IP security of telnet server	switch(config)#security telnet
security ip [Index(110)] [IP Address]	G	Set the IP security list	switch(config)#security ip 1 192.168.1.55
show security	Ρ	Show the information of IP security	switch#show security
no security	G	Disable IP security function	switch(config)#no security
no security http	G	Disable IP security of HTTP server	switch(config)#no security http
no security telnet	G	Disable IP security of telnet server	switch(config)#no security telnet

# **Commands Set List–Port Commands Set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
interface fastEthernet [Portid]	G	Choose the port for modification.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2
duplex [full   half]	Ι	Use the duplex configuration command to specify the duplex mode of operation for Fast Ethernet.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#duplex full
speed [10 100 1000 auto]	I	Use the speed configuration command to specify the speed mode of operation for Fast Ethernet., the speed can't be set to 1000 if the port isn't a giga port	
flowcontrol mode [Symmetric Asymmetric]	I	Use the flowcontrol configuration command on Ethernet ports to control traffic rates during congestion.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#flowcontrol mode Asymmetric
no flowcontrol	Ι	Disable flow control of interface	switch(config-if)#no flowcontrol
security enable	Ι	Enable security of interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#security enable
no security	I	Disable security of interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no security
bandwidth type all	Ĩ	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept all frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type all
bandwidth type broadcast- multicast-flooded-unicast	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept broadcast, multicast, and flooded unicast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast-multicast-flooded-unicast
bandwidth type broadcast- multicast	Ι	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept broadcast and multicast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast-multicast
bandwidth type broadcast- only	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "only accept broadcast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast-only
bandwidth in [Value]	Ι	Set interface input bandwidth. Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth in 100
bandwidth out [Value]	Ι	Set interface output bandwidth. Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth out 100
show bandwidth	Ι	Show interfaces bandwidth control	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show bandwidth

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state [Enable   Disable]	Ι	Use the state interface configuration command to specify the state mode of operation for Ethernet ports. Use the disable form of this command to disable the port.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#state Disable
show interface configuration	Ι	show interface configuration status	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface configuration
show interface status	Ι	show interface actual status	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface status
show interface accounting	I	show interface statistic counter	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface accounting
no accounting	I	Clear interface accounting information	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no accounting

# **Commands Set List-Trunk command set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
aggregator priority [1to65535]	G	Set port group system priority	switch(config)#aggregator priority 22
aggregator activityport [Port Numbers]	G	Set activity port	switch(config)#aggregator activityport 2
aggregator group [GroupID] [Port-list] lacp workp [Workport]	G	Assign a trunk group with LACP active. [GroupID] :1to3 [Port-list]:Member port list, This parameter could be a port range(ex.1-4) or a port list separate by a comma(ex.2, 3, 6) [Workport]: The amount of work ports, this value could not be less than zero or be large than the amount of member ports.	
aggregator group [GroupID] [Port-list] nolacp	G	Assign a static trunk group. [GroupID] :1to3 [Port-list]:Member port list, This parameter could be a port range(ex.1-4) or a port list separate by a comma(ex.2, 3, 6)	switch(config)#aggregator group 1 2-4 nolacp or switch(config)#aggreator group 1 3,1,2 y nolacp
show aggregator	Р	Show the information of trunk group	switch#show aggregator
no aggregator lacp [GroupID]	G	Disable the LACP function of trunk group	switch(config)#no aggreator lacp 1
no aggregator group [GroupID]	G	Remove a trunk group	switch(config)#no aggreator group 2

# **Commands Set List–VLAN command set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
vlan database	Р	Enter VLAN configure mode	switch#vlan database
vlan [8021q  gvrp]	V	To set switch VLAN mode.	switch(vlan)# vlanmode 802.1q or switch(vlan)# vlanmode gvrp
no vlan [VID]	V	Disable vlan group (by VID)	switch(vlan)#no vlan 2
no gvrp	V	Disable GVRP	switch(vlan)#no gvrp
IEEE 802.1Q VLAN			
vlan 8021q port [PortNumber] access-link untag [UntaggedVID]	V	Assign a access link for VLAN by port if the port belong to a trunk group, this command can't be applied.	t,switch(vlan)#vlan 802.1q port 3 access-link untag 33
vlan 8021q port [PortNumber] trunk-link tag [TaggedVID List]	V	Assign a trunk link for VLAN by port, if the port belong to a trunk group, this command can't be applied.	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 trunk-link tag 2,3,6,99 or switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 trunk-link tag 3-20
vlan 8021q port [PortNumber] hybrid-link untag [UntaggedVID] tag [TaggedVID List]	V	Assign a hybrid link for VLAN by port if the port belong to a trunk group, this command can't be applied.	t,switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q port 3 hybrid-link untag 4 tag 3,6,8 or switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q port 3 hybrid-link untag 5 tag 6-8
vlan 8021q aggreator [TrunkID] access-link untag [UntaggedVID]	V	Assign a access link for VLAN by trunk group	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q aggreator 3 access-link untag 33
vlan 8021q aggreator [TrunkID] trunk-link tag [TaggedVID List]	V	Assign a trunk link for VLAN by trunk group	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q aggreator 3 trunk- link tag 2,3,6,99 or switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q aggreator 3 trunk- link tag 3-20
vlan 8021q aggreator [PortNumber] hybrid-link untag [UntaggedVID] tag [TaggedVID List]	V	Assign a hybrid link for VLAN by trunk group	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q aggreator 3 hybrid-link untag 4 tag 3,6,8 or switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q aggreator 3 hybrid-link untag 5 tag 6-8
show vlan [VID] or show vlan	V	Show VLAN information	switch(vlan)#show vlan 23

# **Commands Set List–Spanning Tree command set**

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Commands	Level	Description	Example
spanning-tree enable	G	Enable spanning tree	switch(config)#spanning-tree enable
spanning-tree priority [0to61440]	G	Configure spanning tree priority parameter	switch(config)#spanning-tree priority 32767
spanning-tree max-age [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree max-age global configuration command to change the interval between messages the spanning tree receives from the root switch. If a switch does not receive a bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) message from the root switch within this interval, it recomputed the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) topology.	switch(config)# spanning-tree max-age 15
spanning-tree hello-time [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree hello-time global configuration command to specify the interval between hello bridge protocol data units (BPDUs).	switch(config)#spanning-tree hello-time 3
spanning-tree forward- time [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree forward-time global configuration command to set the forwarding-time for the specified spanning-tree instances. The forwarding time determines how long each of the listening and learning states last before the port begins forwarding.	switch(config)# spanning-tree forward- time 20
stp-path-cost [1to20000000]	1	Use the spanning-tree cost interface configuration command to set the path cost for Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) calculations. In the event of a loop, spanning tree considers the path cost when selecting an interface to place into the forwarding state.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-path-cost 20
stp-path-priority [Port Priority]	I	Use the spanning-tree port-priority interface configuration command to configure a port priority that is used when two switches tie for position as the root switch.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# stp-path-priority 127
stp-admin-p2p [Auto True False]	Ι	Admin P2P of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# stp-admin-p2p Auto
stp-admin-edge [True False]	Ι	Admin Edge of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# stp-admin-edge True
stp-admin-non-stp [True False]	I	Admin NonSTP of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# stp-admin-non-stp False
Show spanning-tree	E	Display a summary of the spanning- tree states.	switch>show spanning-tree

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no spanning-tree G Disable spanning-tree. switch(config)#no spanning-tree

# **Commands Set List–QoS command set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
qos policy [weighted-fair strict]	G	Select QOS policy scheduling	switch(config)#qos policy weighted-fair
qos prioritytype [port-based cos-only tos- only cos-first tos-first]	G	Setting of QOS priority type	switch(config)#qos prioritytype
qos priority portbased [Port] [lowest low middle high]	G	Configure Port-based Priority	switch(config)#qos priority portbased 1 low
qos priority cos [Priority] [lowest low middle high]	G	Configure COS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority cos 22 middle
qos priority tos [Priority] [lowest low middle high]	G	Configure TOS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority tos 3 high
show qos	Р	Display the information of QoS configuration	switch>show qos
no qos	G	Disable QoS function	switch(config)#no qos

# **Commands Set List-IGMP command set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
igmp enable	G	Enable IGMP snooping function	switch(config)#igmp enable
lgmp-query auto	G	Set IGMP query to auto mode	switch(config)#lgmp-query auto
Igmp-query force	G	Set IGMP query to force mode	switch(config)#lgmp-query force
show igmp configuration	Р	Displays the details of an IGMP configuration.	switch#show igmp configuration
show igmp multi	Р	Displays the details of an IGMP snooping entries.	switch#show igmp multi
no igmp	G	Disable IGMP snooping function	switch(config)#no igmp
no igmp-query	G	Disable IGMP query	switch#no igmp-query

# **Commands Set List-MAC/Filter Table command set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
mac-address-table static hwaddr [MAC]	Ι	Configure MAC address table of interface (static).	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#mac-address-table static hwaddr 000012345678
mac-address-table filter hwaddr [MAC]	G	Configure MAC address table(filter)	switch(config)#mac-address-table filter hwaddr 000012348678
show mac-address-table	Р	Show all MAC address table	switch#show mac-address-table
show mac-address-table static	Ρ	Show static MAC address table	switch#show mac-address-table static
show mac-address-table filter	Р	Show filter MAC address table.	switch#show mac-address-table filter
no mac-address-table static hwaddr [MAC]	Ι	Remove an entry of MAC address table of interface (static)	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no mac-address-table static hwaddr 000012345678
no mac-address-table filter hwaddr [MAC]	G	Remove an entry of MAC address table (filter)	switch(config)#no mac-address-table filter hwaddr 000012348678
no mac-address-table	G	Remove dynamic entry of MAC address table	switch(config)#no mac-address-table

# **Commands Set List–SNMP command set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
snmp agent-mode [v1v2c   v3]	G	Select the agent mode of SNMP	switch(config)#snmp agent-mode v1v2c
snmp-server host [IP address] community [Community-string] trap-version [v1 v2c]	G	Configure SNMP server host information and community string	switch(config)#snmp-server host 192.168.10.50 community public trap- version v1 (remove) Switch(config)# no snmp-server host 192.168.10.50
snmp community-strings [Community-string] right [RO RW]	G	Configure the community string right	switch(config)#snmp community-strings public right RO or switch(config)#snmp community-strings public right RW
snmp snmpv3-user [User Name] password [Authentication Password] [Privacy Password]	G	Configure the user profile for SNMPV3 agent. Privacy password could be empty.	switch(config)#snmp snmpv3-user test01 password AuthPW PrivPW
show snmp	Р	Show SNMP configuration	switch#show snmp
show snmp-server	Р	Show specified trap server information	switch#show snmp-server
no snmp community- strings [Community]	G	Remove the specified community.	switch(config)#no snmp community- strings public
no snmp snmpv3-user [User Name] password [Authentication Password] [Privacy Password]	G	Remove specified user of SNMPv3 agent. Privacy password could be empty.	switch(config)# no snmp snmpv3-user test01 password AuthPW PrivPW
no snmp-server host [Host-address]	G	Remove the SNMP server host.	switch(config)#no snmp-server 192.168.10.50

Commands	Level	Description	Example
monitor rx	G	Set RX destination port of monitor function	switch(config)#monitor rx
monitor tx	G	Set TX destination port of monitor function	switch(config)#monitor tx
show monitor	Р	Show port monitor information	switch#show monitor
monitor [RX TX Both]	Ι	Configure source port of monitor function	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#monitor RX
show monitor	Ι	Show port monitor information	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show monitor
no monitor	I	Disable source port of monitor function	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no monitor

# **Commands Set List–Port Mirroring command set**

# **Commands Set List-802.1x command set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
8021x enable	G	Use the 802.1x global configuration command to enable 802.1x protocols	switch(config)# 8021x enable s.
8021x system radiousip [IP address]	G	Use the 802.1x system radious IP global configuration command to change the radious server IP.	switch(config)# 8021x system radiousip 192.168.1.1
8021x system serverport [port ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system server port global configuration command to change the radious server port	switch(config)# 8021x system serverport 1815
8021x system accountport [port ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system account port global configuration command to change the accounting port	switch(config)# 8021x system accountport 1816
8021x system sharekey [ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system share key global configuration command to change the shared key value.	switch(config)# 8021x system sharekey 123456
8021x system nasid [words]	G	Use the 802.1x system nasid global configuration command to change the NAS ID	switch(config)# 8021x system nasid test1
8021x misc quietperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc quiet period global configuration command to specify the quiet period value of the switch.	switch(config)# 8021x misc quietperiod 10
8021x misc txperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc TX period globa configuration command to set the TX period.	l switch(config)# 8021x misc txperiod 5 K
8021x misc supportimeout [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc supp timeout global configuration command to se the supplicant timeout.	switch(config)# 8021x misc supportimeout t 20
8021x misc servertimeout [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc server timeout global configuration command to se the server timeout.	switch(config)#8021x misc servertimeout t 20
8021x misc maxrequest [number]	G	Use the 802.1x misc max request global configuration command to se the MAX requests.	switch(config)# 8021x misc maxrequest 3 t
8021x misc reauthperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc reauth period global configuration command to se the reauth period.	switch(config)# 8021x misc reauthperiod t 3000
8021x portstate [disable   reject   accept   authorize]	Ι	Use the 802.1x port state interface configuration command to set the state of the selected port.	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#8021x portstate accept
show 8021x	E	Display a summary of the 802.1x properties and also the port sates.	switch>show 8021x
no 8021x	G	Disable 802.1x function	switch(config)#no 8021x

# **Commands Set List-TFTP command set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
backup flash:backup_cfg	G	Save configuration to TFTP and need to specify the IP of TFTP server and the file name of image.	l switch(config)#backup flash:backup_cfg
restore flash:restore_cfg	G	Get configuration from TFTP server and need to specify the IP of TFTP server and the file name of image.	switch(config)#restore flash:restore_cfg
upgrade flash:upgrade_fw	G	Upgrade firmware by TFTP and need switch(config)#upgrade lash:upgrade_fw to specify the IP of TFTP server and the file name of image.	

## Commands Set List-SYSLOG, SMTP, EVENT command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
systemlog ip [IP address]	G	Set System log server IP address.	switch(config)# systemlog ip 192.168.1.100
systemlog mode [client server both]	G	Specified the log mode	switch(config)# systemlog mode both
show systemlog	Е	Display system log.	Switch>show systemlog
show systemlog	Р	Show system log client & server information	switch#show systemlog
no systemlog	G	Disable systemlog functon	switch(config)#no systemlog
smtp enable	G	Enable SMTP function	switch(config)#smtp enable
smtp serverip [IP address]	G	Configure SMTP server IP	switch(config)#smtp serverip 192.168.1.5
smtp authentication	G	Enable SMTP authentication	switch(config)#smtp authentication
smtp account [account]	G	Configure authentication account	switch(config)#smtp account User
smtp password [password]	G	Configure authentication password	switch(config)#smtp password
smtp rcptemail [Index] [Email address]	G	Configure Rcpt e-mail Address	switch(config)#smtp rcptemail 1 Alert@ test.com
show smtp	Р	Show the information of SMTP	switch#show smtp
no smtp	G	Disable SMTP function	switch(config)#no smtp
event device-cold-start [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set cold start event type	switch(config)#event device-cold-start both
event authentication-failure [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set Authentication failure event type	switch(config)#event authentication-failure both

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event ComRing-topology- change [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set s ring topology changed event type	switch(config)#event ring-topology-change both
event systemlog [Link-UP Link-Down Both]	I	Set port event for system log	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#event systemlog both
event smtp [Link-UP Link-Down Both]	I	Set port event for SMTP	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#event smtp both
show event	Ρ	Show event selection	switch#show event
no event device-cold-start	G	Disable cold start event type	switch(config)#no event device-cold-start
no event authentication- failure	G	Disable Authentication failure event typ	switch(config)#no event authentication- failure
no event ComRing- topology-change	G	Disable ComRing topology changed event type	switch(config)#no event ring-topology- change
no event systemlog	I	Disable port event for system log	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#no event systemlog
no event smpt	Ι	Disable port event for SMTP	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#no event smtp
show systemlog	Р	Show system log client & server information	switch#show systemlog

# **Commands Set List-SNTP command set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
sntp enable	G	Enable SNTP function	switch(config)#sntp enable
sntp daylight	G	Enable daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp daylight
sntp daylight-period [Start time] [End time]	G	Set period of daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied. Parameter format: [yyyymmdd-hh:mm]	switch(config)# sntp daylight-period 20060101-01:01 20060202-01-01
sntp daylight-offset [Minute]	G	Set offset of daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp daylight-offset 3
sntp ip [IP]	G	Set SNTP server IP, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp ip 192.169.1.1
sntp timezone [Timezone]	G	Set timezone index, use "show sntp timzezone" command to get more information of index number	switch(config)#sntp timezone 22
show sntp	Р	Show SNTP information	switch#show sntp
show sntp timezone	Р	Show index number of time zone list	switch#show sntp timezone
no sntp	G	Disable SNTP function	switch(config)#no sntp
no sntp daylight	G	Disable daylight saving time	switch(config)#no sntp daylight

# **Commands Set List – C-Ring command set**

Commands	Level	Description	Example
Ring enable	G	Enable C-Ring	switch(config)# ring enable
Ring master	G	Enable ring master	switch(config)# ring master
Ring couplering	G	Enable couple ring	switch(config)# ring couplering
Ring dualhoming	G	Enable dual homing	switch(config)# ring dualhoming
Ring ringport [1st Ring Port] [2nd Ring Port]	G	Configure 1st/2nd Ring Port	switch(config)# ring ringport 7 8
Ring couplingport [Coupling Port]	G	Configure Coupling Port	switch(config)# ring couplingport 1
Ring controlport [Control Port]	G	Configure Control Port	switch(config)# ring controlport 2
Ring homingport [Dual Homing Port]	G	Configure Dual Homing Port	switch(config)# ring homingport 3
show Ring	Р	Show the information of C-Ring	switch#show ring
no Ring	G	Disable C-Ring	switch(config)#no ring
no Ring master	G	Disable ring master	switch(config)# no ring master
no Ring couplering	G	Disable couple ring	switch(config)# no ring couplering
no Ring dualhoming	G	Disable dual homing	switch(config)# no ring dualhoming

# **Technical Specifications**

Physical Ports	
10/100 BASE-T(X) Ports in RJ45 Auto MDI/MDIX with PSE	8 ports supporting IEEE 802.3at compliant PoE Total power budget is 240W with maximum 30W per port)
Gigabit Combo Ports with 10/100/1000BASE-T(X) and 100/1000BASE-X SFP port	2
Technology	
Ethernet Standards	IEEE 802.3 for 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u for 100BASE-TX and 100BASE-FX IEEE 802.3z for 1000BASE-X IEEE 802.3ab for 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3a for Flow control IEEE 802.3ad for LACP (Link Aggregation Control Protocol ) IEEE 802.1D for STP (Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1p for COS (Class of Service) IEEE 802.1Q for VLAN Tagging IEEE 802.1w for RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1s for MSTP (Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1x for Authentication IEEE 802.1AB for LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) IEEE 802.3at PoE specification (up to 30 Watts per port for PSE)
MAC Table	8192 MAC addresses
Priority Queues	4
Processing	Store-and-Forward
Switch Properties	Switching latency: 7 us Switching bandwidth: 5.6Gbps Max. Number of Available VLANs: 4096 IGMP multicast groups: 1024 Port rate limiting: User Define
Security Features	Enable/disable ports, MAC based port security Port based network access control (802.1x) VLAN (802.1Q) to segregate and secure network traffic Supports Q-in-Q VLAN for performance & security to expand the VLAN space Radius centralized password management SNMP v1/v2c/v3 encrypted authentication and access security

Software Features	STP/RSTP/MSTP (IEEE 802.1D/w/s) Redundant Ring (C-Ring) with recovery time < 10ms over 250 units TOS/Diffserv supported Quality of Service (802.1p) for real-time traffic VLAN (802.1Q) with VLAN tagging and GVRP supported IGMP Snooping for multicast filtering Port configuration, status, statistics, monitoring, security SNTP for synchronizing of clocks over network Support PTP Client (Precision Time Protocol) clock synchronization DHCP Server / Client support Port Trunk support MVR (Multicast VLAN Registration) support
Network Redundancy	ComRing C-Ring Legacy Ring C-RSTP STP RSTP MSTP
Warning / Monitoring System	Relay output for fault event alarming Syslog server / client to record and view events Include SMTP for event warning notification via email Event selection support
RS232 Serial Console Port	RS232 in RJ-45 connector with console cable. 9600Bps, 8, N, 1
LED indicators	
Power/PoE Indicator	Green: Power LED x 3, Green: PoE LED x 8
C-Ring Indicator	Green: Indicate system operated in C-Ring mod
R.M. indicator	Green: Indicate system operated in C-Ring Master mode
Fault indicator	Amber: Indicate unexpected event occurred
10/100BASE-T(X) RJ45 Port Indicator	Green: Link/Act. Amber: Duplex/Collision
10/100/1000BASE-T(X) RJ45 Port Indicator	Green: Link/Act. Amber: 100Mbps indicator
100/1000BASE-X Fiber Port Indicator	Green: Link/Act.
Fault contact	
Relay	Relay output to carry capacity of 1A at 24VDC
Power	
Redundant Input Power	Dual DC inputs. 48-57VDC on 6-pin terminal block Order optional ComNet Part PS48VDC-5A or PS48VDC-10A (depending on per-port load and operation temperature)
Power Consumption (Typ.)	9 Watts (power consumption of PSE is not included)
Overload Current Protection	Present
Reverse polarity protection	Not Present
Physical Characteristic	
Enclosure	IP-30
Dimension (W $\times$ D $\times$ H)	74.3 × 109.2 × 153.6mm (2.93 × 4.3 × 6.05 in)

1100g / 2.43lb
-40 to +85°C (-40 to +185°F)
-40 to +75°C (-40 to +167°F)
5% to 95% Non-condensing
FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A
EN61000-4-2 (ESD) EN61000-4-3 (RS) EN61000-4-4 (EFT) EN61000-4-5 (Surge) EN61000-4-6 (CS) EN61000-4-8 EN61000-4-11
IEC60068-2-27
IEC60068-2-32
IEC60068-2-6
EN60950-1
Lifetime

Note. The PoE port may be considered SELV circuits, if:

Not likely to require connection to an Ethernet network with outside plant routing including campus environment; and The installation instructions clearly state that the ITE is to be connected only to PoE Networks without routing to the outside plant.

#### **MECHANICAL INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

#### **ComNet Customer Service**

Customer Care is ComNet Technology's global service center, where our professional staff is ready to answer your questions at any time. Email ComNet Global Service Center: customercare@comnet.net



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