



INSTALLATION AND OPERATION MANUAL CNGE8MS 8-PORT MANAGED GIGABIT SWITCH

v2.0 Sept 2012

The ComNet[™] CNGE8MS is an 8-port Managed Ethernet Switch designed to reliably operate in harsh, environmentally challenging applications. It features four (4) 1000BASE-TX and four (4) gigabit combo ports. The four combo ports are 10/100/1000Mbps configurable for either Cat5-e copper, or multimode or single-mode optical fiber by the use of optional ComNet SFPs for connector type and distance. Exclusive to ComNet is C-Ring, a feature that protects the network from interruptions or temporary malfunctions with fast recovery technology. Legacy ring allows the switch to be used in an existing ring of ComNet X-Ring enabled switches. Redundant DC inputs are included for uninterrupted operation in the event of a power supply failure. The electrical ports support the 10/100/1000Mbps Ethernet IEEE802.3 protocol, and auto-negotiating and auto-MDi/MDiX features are provided. These network-managed layer 2 switches are optically and electrically compatible with any IEEE802.3 compliant Ethernet device. The CNGE8MS is DIN-rail or wall-mountable.

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Regulatory Compliance Statement

Product(s) associated with this publication complies/comply with all applicable regulations. Please refer to the Technical Specifications section for more details.

Warranty

ComNet warrants that all ComNet products are free from defects in material and workmanship for a specified warranty period from the invoice date for the life of the installation. ComNet will repair or replace products found by ComNet to be defective within this warranty period, with shipment expenses apportioned by ComNet and the distributor. This warranty does not cover product modifications or repairs done by persons other than ComNet-approved personnel, and this warranty does not apply to ComNet products that are misused, abused, improperly installed, or damaged by accidents.

Please refer to the Technical Specifications section for the actual warranty period(s) of the product(s) associated with this publication.

Disclaimer

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Safety Information

- » Only ComNet service personnel can service the equipment. Please contact ComNet Technical Support.
- » The equipment should be installed in locations with controlled access, or other means of security, and controlled by persons of authority.

Overview

Introduction

The CNGE8MS is a powerful managed industrial Ethernet switch containing many unique features. These switches can work under a wide temperature range, dirty environmental and humidity conditions.

WEB-based, TELNET, Console port or other third-party SNMP software can manage the CNGE8MS as well. The switch can be managed by a useful utility called eConsole, a powerful network management software. With its user-friendly and powerful interface, multiple switches can be easily configured at the same time, and switches' statuses monitored.

Software Features

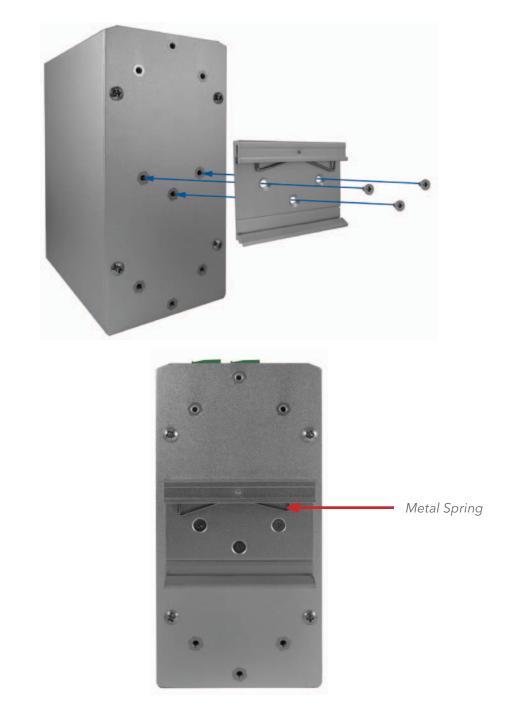
- » Redundant Ethernet Ring: C-Ring (Recovery time <30ms over 250 units connection)
- » Supports Ring Coupling, Dual Homing over C-Ring technology
- » Supports SNMPv1/v2c/v3 & RMON & Port base/802.1Q VLAN Network Management
- » Event notification by Email, SNMP trap and Relay Output
- » Web-based, Telnet, Console, CLI configuration
- » Enable/disable ports, MAC based port security
- » Port based network access control (802.1x)
- » VLAN (802.1q) to segregate and secure network traffic
- » Radius centralized password management
- » SNMPv3 encrypted authentication and access security
- » RSTP (802.1w)
- » Quality of Service (802.1p) for real-time traffic
- » VLAN (802.1q) with double tagging and GVRP supported
- » IGMP Snooping for multicast filtering
- » Port configuration, status, statistics, mirroring, security
- » Remote Monitoring (RMON)

Hardware Features

- » Two Redundant DC power inputs
- » Operating Temperature: -40° C to +75° C (-40° to +167° F) Functional to +85° C (185° F)
- » Storage Temp: -40° C to +85° C (-40° to 185°F)
- » Storage Temperature: -40° to 85°C
- » Operating Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- » Casing: Aluminum
- » 4 × 10/100/1000BASE-T(X) Gigabit Ethernet port
- » 4 × 100/1000BASE-X SFP & 10/100/1000BASE-T(X) Combo port
- » Console Port
- » Dimensions (W × D ×H): 2.93 × 4.3 × 6.05 in (7.43 × 10.92 × 15.36 cm)

Hardware Installation

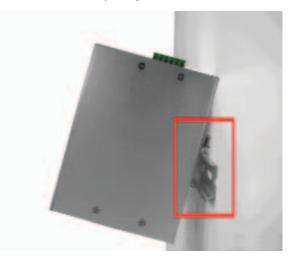
Installing the Switch on DIN-Rail



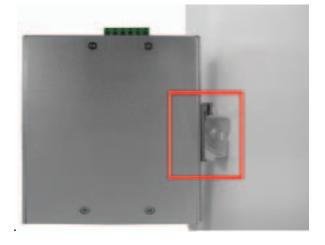
Each switch has a DIN-Rail kit on the rear panel. The DIN-Rail kit affixes the switch to the DIN-Rail. It is easy to install the switch on the Din-Rail:

Mount Series on DIN-Rail

Step 1: Tilt the switch and mount the metal spring to DIN-Rail.



Step 2: Push the switch toward the DIN-Rail until you hear the spring snap into place



CNGE8MS

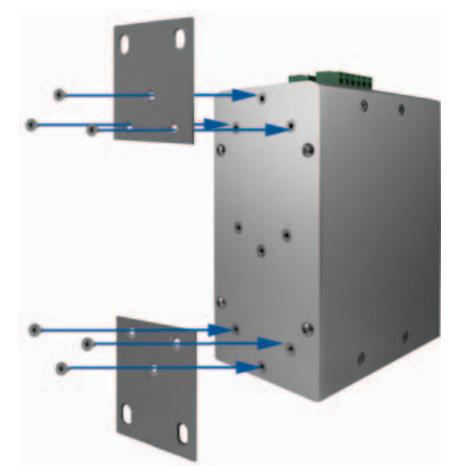
Wall Mounting Installation

Each switch has another installation method for users to fix the switch. A wall mount panel can be found in the package. The following steps show how to mount the switch on the wall:

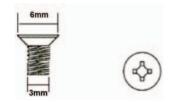
Mounting the CNGE8MS on a Wall

Step 1: Remove Din-Rail kit.

Step 2: Use the included screws to attach the wall mount panel as shown in the diagram below.



The screw specifications are shown in the following two pictures. In order to prevent switches from being damaged, the screws should not be larger than the size that used in CNGE8MS switch.



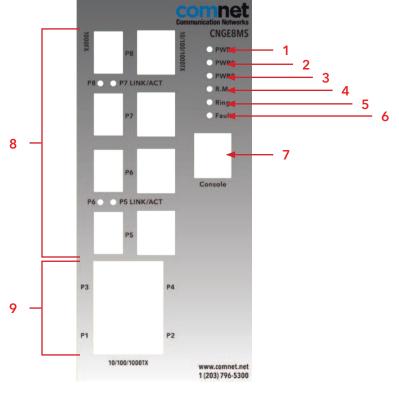
Hardware Overview

Front Panel

The following table describes the labels that are attached to the CNGE8MS.

Port	Description
10/100/1000 BASE-T(X) RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports	4 × 10/100/1000BASE-T(X) RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports supporting auto- negotiation. Default Settings: Speed: auto Duplex: auto Flow control: disable
Gigabit Combo Ports	10/100/1000BASE-T(X) RJ-45 + 100/1000BASE-X SFP Ports
Console	Use supplied RS-232 to RJ-45 cable to connect to the switch.

CNGE8MS



CNGE8MS

- 1. LED for PWR. When powered up, the green LED will be light on
- 2. LED for PWR1. When the power is connected correctly, the green LED will be light on.
- 3. LED for PWR2. When the power is connected correctly, the green LED will be light on.
- 4. LED for R.M. (Ring Master). When the LED light is on, it means that the switch is the ring master of C-Ring.
- 5. LED for Ring. When the LED light is on, it means the C-Ring is activated.
- 6. LED for Fault. When the light is on, it means power failure or Port is down/fail.
- 7. Console port (RJ-45)
- 8. CNGE8MS has combo ports with 10/100/1000BASE-T(X) Gigabit Ethernet port and 100/1000BASE-X SFP ports
- 9. 10/100/1000BASE-T(X) Ethernet ports

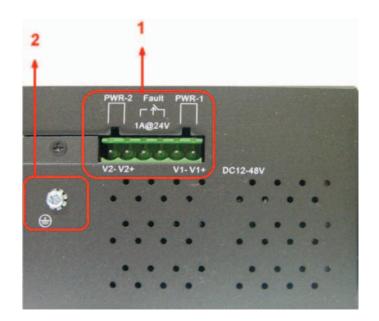
Front Panel LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description
PWR	Green	On	DC power module up
PW1	Green	On	DC power module 1 activated.
PW2	Green	On	DC Power module 2 activated.
R.M	Green	On	Ring Master.
Ring	Green	On	C-Ring enabled.
		Slowly blinking	C-Ring has only one link. (lack of one link to build the ring.)
		Fast blinking	C-Ring working normally.
Fault	Amber	On	Fault relay. Power failure or Port down/fail.
10/100/1000BAS	SE-T(X) Fast Etherr	net ports	
LNK/ACT	Green	On	Port link up.
		Blinking	Data transmitted.
Speed	Amber	On	Port works under 100Mbps.
Gigabit SFP port	S		
LNK/ACT	Green	On	Port link up.
		Blinking	Data transmitted.

Top View Panel

The bottom panel component of CNGE8MS is shown as below:

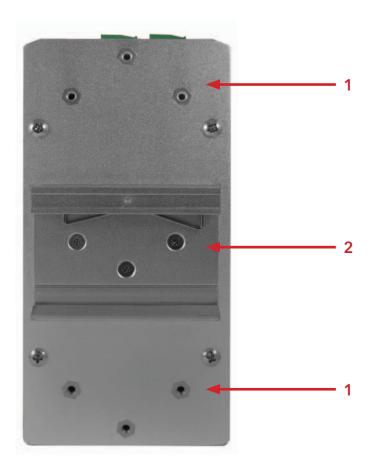
- 1. Terminal block includes: PWR1, PWR2 (12-48V DC)
- 2. Ground wire



Rear Panel

The rear panel components of CNGE8MS are shown below:

- 1. Screw holes for wall mount kit.
- 2. DIN-Rail kit



Cables

Ethernet Cables

The CNGE8MS switches have standard Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the switches use CAT3, 4, 5, 5-e UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable	Туре	Max. Length	Connector
10BASE-T	CAT3/4/5 100Ω	UTP 100m (328ft)	RJ-45
100BASE-TX	CAT5 100Ω UTP	UTP 100m (328ft)	RJ-45
1000BASE-TX	CAT5/5-e 100Ω UTP	UTP 100m (328ft)	RJ-45

Cable Types and Specifications

10/100BASE-T(X) Pin Assignments

With 10/100BASE-T(X) cable, pins 1 and 2 are used for transmitting data, and pins 3 and 6 are used for receiving data.

Pin Number	Assignment
1	TD+
2 3	TD-
-	RD+
4 5	Not used
-	Not used
6	RD-
7	Not used
8	Not used

10/100BASE-TX RJ-45 Pin Assignments

Pin Number	Assignment
1	BI_DA+
2	BI_DA-
3	BI_DB+
4	BI_DC+
5	BI_DC-
6	BI_DB-
7	BI_DD+
8	BI_DD-

1000BASE-TX RJ-45 Pin Assignments

The CNGE8MS switches support auto MDI/MDI-X operation. You can use a straight-through cable to connect PC to switch. The following table below shows the 10BASE-T/ 100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	TD+(transmit)	RD+(receive)
2	TD-(transmit)	RD-(receive)
3	RD+(receive)	TD+(transmit)
4	Not used	Not used
5	Not used	Not used
6	RD-(receive)	TD-(transmit)
7	Not used	Not used
8	Not used	Not used

10/100BASE-TX MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	BI_DA+	BI_DB+
2	BI_DA-	BI_DB-
3	BI_DB+	BI_DA+
4	BI_DC+	BI_DD+
5	BI_DC-	BI_DD-
6	BI_DB-	BI_DA-
7	BI_DD+	BI_DC+
8	BI_DD-	BI_DC-

1000BASE-TX MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

Note: "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

SFP

The switch has fiber optic ports with SFP connectors. The fiber optical ports are available with multi-mode and single-mode fiber and with various distance and connector types. Please remember that the TX port of Switch A should be connected to the RX port of Switch B.



Switch A

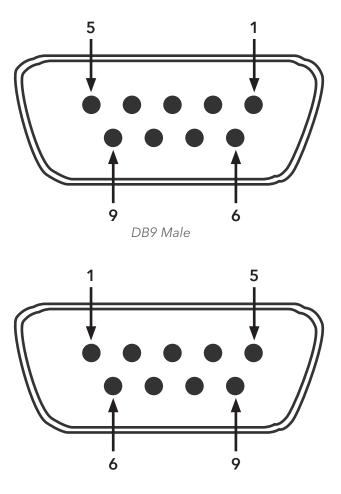
Switch B

Console Cable

CNGE8MS switches switch can be managed by connection to the console port. The DB-9 to RJ-45 cable can be found in the package. You can connect them to a PC using a RS-232 cable with DB-9 female connector and the other end (RJ-45 connector) connects to console port of switch.

switch can be managed by the console port. The DB-9 to RJ-45 cable can be found in the package. You can connect them to the PC via a RS-232 cable with DB-9 female connector and the other end (RJ-45 connector) connects to console port of switch.

PC pin out (male) assignment	RS-232 with DB9 female connector	DB9 to RJ 45
Pin #2 RD	Pin #2 TD	Pin #2
Pin #3 TD	Pin #3 RD	Pin #3
Pin #5 GD	Pin #5 GD	Pin #5



DB9 Female

Pin	Male Connector	Female Connector
1	Received Line Signal Detect (Received by DTE Device)	Received Line Signal Detect (Transmitted from DCE Device)
2	Received Data (Received by DTE Device)	Transmitted Data (Transmitted from DCE Device)
3	Transmitted Data (Transmitted from DTE Device)	Received Data (Received by DCE Device)
4	DTE Ready (Transmitted from DTE Device)	DTE Ready (Received by DCE Device)
5	Signal Ground	Signal Ground
6	DCE Ready (Received by DTE Device)	DCE Ready (Transmitted from DCE Device)
7	Request to Send (Transmitted from DTE Device)	Clear to Send (Received by DCE Device)
8	Clear to Send (Received by DTE Device)	Request to Send (Transmitted from DCE Device)
9	Ring Indicator (Received by DTE Device)	Ring Indicator (Transmitted from DCE Device)

WEB Management

Attention: While installing and upgrading firmware, please remove physical loop connection first. DO NOT power off equipment while the firmware is upgrading!

Configuration by Web Browser

This section details configuration through the Web browser.

About Web-based Management

An embedded HTML web site resides in the flash memory on the CPU board. It contains advanced management features and allows you to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard web browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.

The Web-Based Management function supports Internet Explorer 5.0 or later. It is based on Java Applets with an aim to reduce network bandwidth consumption, enhance access speed and present an easy viewing screen.

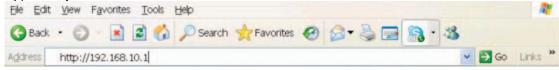
Note: By default, IE5.0 or later version does not allow Java Applets to open sockets. You need to explicitly modify the browser setting in order to enable Java Applets to use network ports.

Preparing for Web Management

The default value is as below: IP Address: **192.168.10.1** Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0** Default Gateway: **192.168.10.254** User Name: **admin** Password: **admin**

System Login

- 1. Launch Internet Explorer.
- 2. Type http://192.168.10.1. Press Enter.

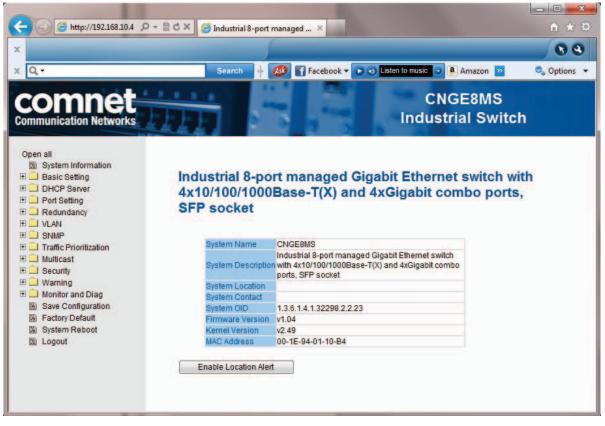


- 3. The login screen appears.
- 4. Key in the username and password. The default username and password is **admin**.
- 5. Select **Enter** or **OK** button, then the main interface of the Web-based management appears.



Login screen

Main Interface



Main interface

Basic Settings

Switch settings

Industrial 8-port managed Gigabit Ethernet switch with 4x10/100/1000Base-T(X) and 4xGigabit combo ports, SFP socket

System Description	Industrial 8-port managed Gigabit Ethernet switch with 4x10/100/1000Base-T(X) and 4xGigabit combo ports, SFP socket
System Location	
System Contact	
System OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.32298.2.2.23
Firmware Version	v1.04
Kernel Version	v2.49
MAC Address	00-1E-94-01-10-B4

Switch setting interface

Label	Description
System Name	Assign the name of switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes
System Description	Display the description of switch.
System Location	Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64 bytes
System Contact	Enter the name of contact person or organization
Firmware Version	Display the switch's firmware version
Kernel Version	Display the kernel software version
MAC Address	Display the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default)

Admin Password

Change web management login username and password to control access to the switch and network.

User Name	admir
New Passwo	rđ
Confirm Pass	word

Admin Password interface

Label	Description
User name	Key in the new username(The default is admin)
New Password	Key in the new password(The default is admin)
Confirm password	Re-type the new password.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

IP Setting

You can configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function through IP Setting.

DHCP C	lient : Disable
IP Address	192.168.10.5
Subnet Mas	k 255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.10.254
DNS1	0.0.0.0
DNS2	0.0.0.0

IP Setting interface

Label	Description
DHCP Client	To enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP client function is enabled, the switch will be assigned the IP address from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be replaced by the IP address that the DHCP server has assigned. After selecting the "Apply" button, a popup dialog box will appear to inform you when the DHCP client is enabled. The current IP address will be lost and you should find a new IP on the DHCP server.
IP Address	Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client function is enabled, you do not need to assign the IP address. The network DHCP server will assign the IP address for the switch and it will be displayed in this column. The default IP address is 192.168.10.1
Subnet Mask	Assign the subnet mask of the IP address. If DHCP client function is enabled, you do not need to assign the subnet mask
Gateway	Assign the network gateway for the switch. The default gateway is 192.168.10.254
DNS1	Assign the primary DNS IP address
DNS2	Assign the secondary DNS IP address
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

Time Setting

SNTP

The SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings allow you to synchronize switch clocks in the Internet.

SNTP Client : Dis	able 🔻
UTC Timezone	(GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, Lon
SNTP Server Address	0.0.0.0
Daylight Saving	

SNTP Configuration interface

Label	Description
SNTP Client	Enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP server.
Daylight Saving Time	Enable or disable daylight saving time function. When daylight saving time is enabled, you need to configure the daylight saving time period.
UTC Time zone	Set the switch location time zone.

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Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11 am
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am
ADT – Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am
AST – Atlantic Standard EDT – Eastern Daylight	-4 hours	8 am
EST – Eastern Standard CDT – Central Daylight	-5 hours	7 am
CST – Central Standard MDT – Mountain Daylight	-6 hours	6 am
MST – Mountain Standard PDT – Pacific Daylight	-7 hours	5 am
PST – Pacific Standard ADT – Alaskan Daylight	-8 hours	4 am
ALA – Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW – Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET – Central European FWT – French Winter MET – Middle European MEWT – Middle European Winter SWT – Swedish Winter	+1 hour	1 pm
EET – Eastern European, USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm
BT – Baghdad, USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm
ZP4 – USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
ZP5 – USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 – USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST – West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT – China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST – Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST – East Australian Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9	+10 hours	10 pm
IDLE – International Date Line NZST – New Zealand Standard NZT – New Zealand	+12 hours	Midnight

The following table lists the different location time zone for your reference.

Label	Description
SNTP Sever IP Address	Set the SNTP server IP address.
Daylight Saving Period	Set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving ending time. Both will be different each year.
Daylight Saving Offset	Set up the offset time.
Switch Timer	Display the switch current time.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

LLDP

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) function allows the switch to advertise its information to other nodes on the network and store the information it discovers.

LLDP Protocol:	Enable	•
LLDP Interval:	30	sec

LLDP configuration interface

Label	Description
LLDP Protocol	"Enable" or "Disable" LLDP function.
LLDP Interval	The interval of resend LLDP (by default at 30 seconds)
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

Backup & Restore

You can save current EEPROM value from the switch to TFTP server, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the EEPROM value.

Backup & Restore)
Restore Configu From TFTP Serv	
TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.66
Restore File Name	data.bin
	Restore Help
Backup Configu	ration
To TFTP Server	
TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.66
Backup File Name	data.bin
	Backup Help

Backup & Restore interface

Label	Description
TFTP Server IP Address	Fill in the TFTP server IP
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.
Restore	Select Restore to restore the configurations.
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.
Restore	Select Restore to restore the configurations.
Backup	Select Backup to backup the configurations.

Upgrade Firmware

Upgrade Firmware allows you to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

Upgrade Firmware



Auto Provision

Auto Provision allows you to update the switch firmware automatically. You can put firmware or configuration file on TFTP server. When you reboot the switch, it will upgrade automatically. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image and configuration file is on the TFTP server.

	Auto Provision	
	🔲 Auto Install Configuratio	n file from TFTP server?
	TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.66
	Configuration File Name	data.bin
	🔲 Auto Install Firmware im	age file from TFTP server?
	TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.66
	Firmware File Name	image.bin
tory Default		
	Factory Default	
	 Keep current IP ac Keep current user 	
	Reset	

Factory Default interface

Reset the switch to default configuration. Select to reset all configurations to the default value. You can select **Keep current IP address setting** and **Keep current username & password** to prevent IP and username and password from reverting to the default settings.

System Reboot

System Reboot

Please click [Reboot] button to restart switch device.

Reboot

System Reboot interface

DHCP Server

DHCP Server – Setting

The system provides a DHCP server function. Enable the DHCP server function, the switch system will be a DHCP server.

DHCP Serve	r: Disable -
Start IP Address	192.168.10.2
End IP Address	192.168.10.200
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.10.254
DNS	0.0.0.0
Lease Time (Hour)	168

DHCP Server Configuration interface

Label	Description
DHCP Server	Enable or Disable the DHCP Server function. Enable – the switch will be the DHCP server on your local network
Start IP Address	The dynamic IP assign range. Low IP address is the beginning of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.100 will be the Start IP address.
End IP Address	The dynamic IP assign range. High IP address is the end of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.200 will be the End IP address
Subnet Mask	The dynamic IP assign range subnet mask
Gateway	The gateway in your network.
DNS	Domain Name Server IP Address in your network.
Lease Time (Hour	r)It is the period that system will reset the assigned dynamic IP to ensure the IP address is in used.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

DHCP Server – Client Entries

When the DHCP server function is activated, the system will collect the DHCP client information and display in here.



DHCP Server Client Entries interface

DHCP Server – Port and IP bindings

You can assign the specific IP address which is in the assigned dynamic IP range to the specific port. When the device is connecting to the port and asks for dynamic IP assigning, the system will assign the IP address that has been assigned before in the connected device.

DHCP Server - Port and IP Binding

Port No.	IP Address
Port.01	0.0.0.0
Port.02	0.0.0.0
Port.03	0.0.0.0
Port.04	0.0.0.0
Port.05	0.0.0.0
Port.06	0.0.0.0
Port.07	0.0.0.0
Port.08	0.0.00

Apply Help

Port Configuration

Port Control

By this function, you can set the state, speed/duplex, flow control, and security of the port.

Port Control

Port No.	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control	Securit
Port.01	Enable	AutoNegotiation	Symmetric -	Disable
Port.02	Enable	AutoNegotiation	- Symmetric -	Disable
Port.03	Enable	AutoNegotiation	- Symmetric -	Disable
Port.04	Enable	AutoNegotiation	Symmetric -	Disable
Port.05	Enable	AutoNegotiation -	- Symmetric -	Disable
Port.06	Enable	AutoNegotiation	Symmetric -	Disable
Port.07	Enable	AutoNegotiation	- Symmetric -	Disable
Port.08	Enable •	AutoNegotiation -	Symmetric -	Disable

Port Control interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Port NO.	Port number for setting.
Speed/Duplex	You can set Auto-negotiation; 100 full,100 half,10 full,10 half mode.
Flow Control	Support symmetric and asymmetric mode to avoid packet loss when congestion occurred.
Security	Support port security function. When enabled, the port will STOP learning MAC address dynamically.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

Port Status

The following information provides the current port status information

Port Status

Port No.	Туре	Link	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control
Port.01	1000TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.02	1000TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.03	1000TX	UP	Enable	1000 Full	Disable
Port.04	1000TX	UP	Enable	1000 Full	Enable
Port.05	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.06	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.07	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.08	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A

Port Status interface

Rate Limit

This function limits traffic on all ports, including broadcast, multicast and flooded unicast. You can also set **Ingress** or **Egress** to limit traffic received or transmitted bandwidth.

Port No.	Ingress Limit Frame Type		Ingress		Egress	
Port.01	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.02	All	-	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.03	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.04	All	-	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.05	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.06	All	-	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.07	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps
Port.08	All	•	0	kbps	0	kbps

Rate range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps (i.e. 100Mbps) for mega-ports, or 256000 kbps (i.e. 250Mbps) for giga-ports. Zero means no limit.

Apply Help

Rate Limit interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Ingress Limit Frame Type	You can set "all", "Broadcast only", "Broadcast/Multicast" or "Broadcast/Multicast/Flooded Unicast" mode.
Ingress	The switch port received traffic.
Egress	The switch port transmitted traffic.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

Rate Limit

CNGE8MS

Port Trunk

Port Trunk – Setting

You can select static trunk or 802.3ad LACP to combine several physical links with a logical link to increase the bandwidth.

Port Trunk - Setting

Port No.	Group ID	Туре
Port.01	None -	Static -
ort.02	None -	Static 👻
ort.03	None -	Static 👻
ort.04	None -	Static 👻
ort.05	None -	Static -
ort.06	None -	Static 👻
ort.07	None 👻	Static -
Port.08	None -	Static -

Port Trunk – Setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Group ID	Select port to join a trunk group.
Туре	Support static trunk and 802.3ad LACP
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

Port Trunk – Status

Port Trunk - Status

Group ID	Trunk Member	Туре
Trunk 1	N/A	Static
Trunk 2	N/A	Static
Trunk 3	N/A	Static
Trunk 4	N/A	Static

Port Trunk – Status interface

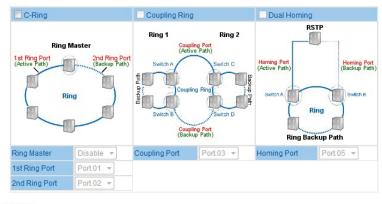
CNGE8MS

Redundancy

C-Ring

C-Ring is the most powerful redundant Ring in the world. The recovery time of the Ring is less than 30ms. It can reduce unexpected damage caused by a network topology change. C-Ring supports 3 Ring topologies: C-Ring, Coupling Ring and Dual Homing.

C-Ring



Apply Help

Ring interface

Label	Description
C-Ring	Mark to enable C-Ring.
Ring Master	There should be only one Ring Master in a C-Ring. However if there are two or more switches which set Ring Master to enable, the switch with the lowest MAC address will be the actual Ring Master and others will be Backup Masters.
1st Ring Port	The primary port, when this switch is Ring Master.
2nd Ring Port	The backup port, when this switch is Ring Master.
Coupling Ring	Mark to enable Coupling Ring. Coupling Ring can be used to divide a big ring into two smaller rings to avoid affecting all switches when a network topology changes. It is a good application for connecting two Rings.
Coupling Port	Link to Coupling Port of the switch in another ring. Coupling Ring need four switch to build an active and a backup link. Set a port as coupling port. The coupled four ports of four switches will be run at active/ backup mode.
Dual Homing	Mark to enable Dual Homing. By selecting Dual Homing mode, ring will be connected to normal switches through two RSTP links (ex: backbone Switch). The two links work as active/backup mode, and connect each ring to the normal switches in RSTP mode.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

Note: We do not suggest you to set one switch as a Ring Master and a Coupling Ring at the same time due to heavy load.

Legacy Ring



Legacy ring provides support for the switch to be used in an existing ring of ComNet X-Ring enabled switches.

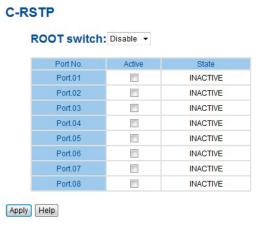
X-Ring provides a faster redundant recovery than Spanning Tree topology. The action is similar to STP or RSTP, but the algorithms between them are not the same. In the X-Ring topology, every switch should be enabled with X-Ring or Legacy Ring function and two ports should be assigned as the member ports in the ring. Only one switch in the X-Ring group would be set as the master switch that one of its two member ports would be blocked, called backup port, and another port is called working port. Other switches in the X-Ring group are called working switches and their two member ports are called working ports. When the failure of network connection occurs, the backup port of the master switch (Ring Master) will automatically become a working port to recover from the failure.

The switch supports the function and interface for setting the switch as the ring master or not. The ring master can negotiate and place command to other switches in the X-Ring group. If there are 2 or more switches in master mode, the software will select the switch with lowest MAC address number as the ring master. The X-Ring master ring mode can be enabled by setting the Legacy Ring configuration interface. Also, the user can identify whether the switch is the ring master by checking the R.M. LED indicator on the front panel of the switch.

Label	Description
Legacy Ring	To enable the Legacy Ring (X-Ring) function, tick the checkbox beside the Legacy Ring label. If this checkbox is not ticked, all the ring functions are unavailable.
Ring Master	Select Enable for this switch to be the ring master or Disable for this switch to be a working switch.
1st Ring Port	The primary port, when this switch is Ring Master. Select a port to assign from the pull down selection menu.
2nd Ring Port	The backup port, used when this switch is Ring Master and the primary port fails. Select a port to assign from the pull down selection menu.
Save	Select to save changes.
Refresh	Select to refresh the page immediately.

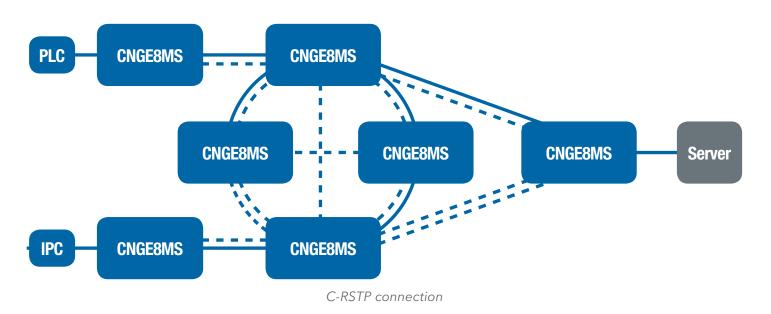
C-RSTP

ComNet C-RSTP is proprietary redundant ring technology. Different from standard STP/RSTP, the recovery time of C-RSTP is less than 30ms and support more nodes connected in a ring topology.



C-RSTP interface

The application of C-RSTP is shown as below.



RSTP

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol. It provides faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP setting

You can enable/disable RSTP function, and set parameters for each port.

RSTP Setting

RSTP Mode: Enable -					
	Bridge Setting				
	Priority (0-61440)	61440			
	Max Age Time(6-40)	20			
	Hello Time (1-10)	2			
	Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15			

Port Setting

ones	etting				
Port No.	Enable	Path Cost(0:auto, 1-200000000)	Priority (0-240)	P2P	Edge
Port.01	enable 👻	0	128	auto 👻	true 🔻
Port.02	enable 🔻	0	128	auto 🔻	true -
Port.03	enable 👻	0	128	auto 🔻	true -
Port.04	enable 👻	0	128	auto 🔻	true -
Port.05	enable 👻	0	128	auto 🔻	true -
Port.06	enable 🔻	0	128	auto 🔻	true -
Port.07	enable 👻	2000000	128	auto 🔻	true -
Port.08	enable 👻	2000000	128	auto 🔻	true -

Apply Help



Label	Description
RSTP mode	You must enable or disable RSTP function before configuring the related parameters.
Priority (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, You must reboot the switch. The value must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
Max Age (6-40)	The number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving Spanning- Tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40.
Hello Time (1-10)	The time that controls switch sends out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10.

Forwarding Delay The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Time (4-30) Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwardin state. Enter a value between 4 through 30.			
Path Cost (1-200000000)	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200000000.		
Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple of 16		
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. It is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or it can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. It is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True means P2P enabling. False means P2P disabling.		
Admin Edge	The port directly connected to end stations, and it cannot create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to "True".		
Admin Non STP	The port includes the STP mathematical calculation. True is not including STP mathematical calculation. False is including the STP mathematical calculation.		
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.		

NOTE: Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time. 2 × (Forward Delay Time value – 1) > = Max Age value >= 2 × (Hello Time value + 1)

RSTP Information

Show RSTP algorithm result at this table.

RSTP Information

Root Bridg	no Info	rmation
KUUL BIIU	ye milu	ination

Bridge ID	F000-001E940110B4
Root Priority	61440
Root Port	N/A
Root Path Cost	0
Max Age Time	20
Hello Time	2
Forward Delay Time	15

Port Information

Port	Path Cost	Port Priority	OperP2P	OperEdge	STP Neighbor	State	Role
Port.01	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.02	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.03	20000	128	True	True	False	Forwarding	Designated
Port.04	20000	128	True	True	False	Forwarding	Designated
Port.05	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.06	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.07	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.08	2000000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled

RSTP Information interface

MSTP

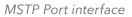
Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) is a standard protocol base on IEEE 802.1s. The function is that several VLANs can be mapped to a reduced number of spanning tree instances because most networks do not need more than a few logical topologies. It supports load balancing schemes and the CPU is sparer than PVST (Cisco proprietary technology).

MSTP Enable	Disable 🔻
Force Version	MSTP -
Configuration Name	MSTP_SWITCH
Revision Level (0-65535)	0
Priority (0-61440)	32768
Max Age Time (6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15
Max Hops (1-40)	20

MSTP Setting interface

Label	Description
MSTP Enable	You must enable or disable MSTP function before configuring the related parameters.
Force Version	The Force Version parameter can be used to force a VLAN Bridge that supports RSTP to operate in an STP-compatible manner.
Configuration Name	The same MST Region must have the same MST configuration name.
Revision Level (0-65535)	The same MST Region must have the same revision level.
Priority (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, You must reboot the switch. The value must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
Max Age Time(6- 40)	The number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving Spanning- tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40.
Hello Time (1-10)	The setting follow the rule below to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time at controlled switch sends out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10. $2 \times (Forward Delay Time value -1) \ge Max Age value \ge 2 \times (Hello Time value +1)$
Forwarding Delay Time (4-30)	The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30.
Max Hops (1-40)	This parameter is additional to those specified for RSTP. A single value applies to all Spanning Trees within an MST Region (the CIST and all MSTIs) for which the Bridge is the Regional Root.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

Port No.	Priority (0-240)	Path Cost (1-200000000, 0:Auto)	Admin P2P	Admin Edge	Admin Non Stp
Port.01 A Port.02 E Port.03 E Port.04 Port.05 T	128	0	auto 💌	true 🔻	false



Label	Description
Port No.	Selecting the port that you want to configure.
Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple of 16
Path Cost (1-200000000)	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200000000.
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. It is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or it can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. It is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True means P2P enabling. False means P2P disabling.
Admin Edge	The port directly connected to end stations, and it cannot create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to True .
Admin Non STP	The port includes the STP mathematical calculation. True is not including STP mathematical calculation. False is including the STP mathematical calculation.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

Instance	State	VLANs	Priority (0-61440)
1 +	Enable -	1-4094	32768
]	at be a multiple of 409		

MSTP Instance interface

Label	Description
Instance	Set the instance from 1 to 15
State	Enable or disable the instance
VLANs	Set which VLAN will belong which instance
Proprietary (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, You must reboot the switch. The value must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

MSTP Instance Port

Port	Priority (0-240)	Path Cost (1-20000000, 0:Auto)	
Port.01 🔺			
Port.02			
Port.03	128	0	
Port.04			
Port.05 -			

Priority must be a multiple of 16

Apply

MSTP Instance Port interface

Label	Description
Instance	Set the instance's information except CIST
Port	Select the port that you want to configure.
Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be a multiple of 16
Path Cost (1-200000000)	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200000000.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

VLAN

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, allows the isolation of network traffic. Only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is the logical equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still physically plugged into the same switch.

The switch supports 802.1Q (tagged-based) VLAN. The default configuration of VLAN operation mode is at **802.1Q**.

VLAN Configuration – 802.1Q

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard, and t is possible to create a VLAN across devices from different switch vendors. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a "tag" into the Ethernet frames. The Tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers.

You can create Tag-based VLAN, and enable or disable GVRP protocol. There are 256 VLAN groups to provide configure. Enable 802.1Q VLAN, the all ports on the switch belong to default VLAN, VID is 1. The default VLAN cannot be deleted.

GVRP allows automatic VLAN configuration between the switch and nodes. If the switch is connected to a device with GVRP enabled, you can send a GVRP request by using the VID of a VLAN defined on the switch; the switch will automatically add that device to the existing VLAN.

VLAN	Configurati	ion	
Port No.	Link Type	Untagged VID	Tagged VIDs
Port.01	Access -	1	
Port.02	Access -	1	
Port.03	Access -	1	
Port.04	Access -	1	
Port.05	Access -	1	
Port.06	Access -	1	
Port.07	Access -	1	
Port.08	Access -	1	

VLAN Setting

Apply Help

VLAN Configuration - 802.1Q interface

Label	Description
VLAN Operation Mode	Configure VLAN Operation Mode: disable, 802.1Q
GVRP Mode	Enable/Disable GVRP function.
Management VLAN ID	Management VLAN can provide network administrator a secure VLAN to management Switch. Only the devices in the management VLAN can access the switch.
Link type	There are 3 types of link type: Access Link: single switch only, allows you to group ports by setting the same VID. Trunk Link: extended application of Access Link, allows you to group ports by setting the same VID with 2 or more switches. Hybrid Link: Both Access Link and Trunk Link are available.
Untagged VID	Set the port default VLAN ID for untagged devices that connect to the port. The range is 1 to 4094.
Tagged VIDs	Set the tagged VIDs to carry different VLAN frames to other switch.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.

Traffic Prioritization

Traffic Prioritization includes 3 modes: port base, 802.1p/COS, and TOS/DSCP. By traffic prioritization function, you can classify the traffic into four classes for differential network application. The CNGE8MS supports 4 priority queues.

QoS policy

QoS Mode :	Disable	•
QoS Policy :		
O Use an 8,4,2,1	weighted fa	ir queuing sch
Use a strict prio		

Traffic Prioritization interface

Label	Description
QOS policy	 Using the 8,4,2,1 weight fair queue scheme: the output queues will follow 8:4:2:1 ratio to transmit packets from the highest to lowest queue. For example: 8 high queue packets, 4 middle queue packets, 2 low queue packets, and the one lowest queue packets are transmitted in one turn. Use the strict priority scheme: always the packets in higher queue will be transmitted first until higher queue is empty.
Priority Mode	 Port-base: the output priority is determined by ingress port. COS only: the output priority is determined by COS only. TOS only: the output priority is determined by TOS only. COS first: the output priority is determined by COS and TOS, but COS first. TOS first: the output priority is determined by COS and TOS, but TOS first.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

Port-base priority

Port No.	Priority
Port.01	Lowest -
Port.02	Lowest -
Port.03	Lowest -
Port.04	Lowest -
Port.05	Lowest -
Port.06	Lowest -
Port.07	Lowest -
Port.08	Lowest -

Port-based Priority

Apply Help

Port-based Priority interface

Label	Description
Port base Priority	Assign Port with a priority queue. 4 priority queues can be assigned: High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

COS/802.1p

cos		Prio	rity	1
0	Lo	we	st	•
1	L	we	st	•
2	L	w		•
3	Lo	w		•
4	Mi	iddle	e	•
5	Mi	iddle	e	•
6	Hi	ab.	-	
	H	gn		-
7	HI S F	igh POI	rt	-
7 CO Port	Hi S F	igh Pol	rt	-
7	Hi S F	igh Pol	rt	
7 CO Port	Hi S F No.	igh Pol CC 0	rt	
7 CO Port Port	Hi No. 101	igh Pol CC 0 0	rt os	-
7 CO Port Port Port	Hi No. 101 102	Pol CC 0 0	rt os	
7 Port Port Port Port	Hi No. 101 102 103	igh CC 0 0 0 0 0	rt os	-
7 Port Port Port Port Port	Hi No. 101 102 103 104	igh CC 0 0 0 0 0 0	rt >s • •	
7 Port Port Port Port Port	Hi No. 101 102 103 104 105 106	igh CC 0 0 0 0 0 0	rt >s • •	

COS/802.1p interface

Label	Description
COS/802.1p	COS (Class Of Service) is well known as 802.1p. It describes that the output priority of a packet is determined by user priority field in 802.1Q VLAN tag. The priority value is supported 0to7.COS value map to 4 priority queues: High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.
COS Port Default	When an ingress packet has not VLAN tag, a default priority value is considered and determined by ingress port.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

TOS/DSCP

DSCP	0		1		2		3		4		5		6		7
Priority	Lowest	•	Lowe												
DSCP	8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15
Priority	Lowest	•	Lowe												
DSCP	16		17		18		19		20		21		22		2
Priority	Low	•	Low												
DSCP	24		25		26		27		28		29		30		3
Priority	Low	•	Low	٠	Low										
DSCP	32		33		34		35		36		37		38		3
Priority	Middle	•	Middle												
DSCP	40		41		42		43		44		45		46		4
Priority	Middle	•	Middle												
DSCP	48		49		50		51		52		53		54		5
Priority	High	•	High												
DSCP	56		57		58		59		60		61		62		6
Priority	High	•	High												

TOS/DSCP interface

Label	Description
TOS/DSCP	TOS (Type of Service) is a field in IP header of a packet. This TOS field is also used by Differentiated Services and is called the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP). The output priority of a packet can be determined by this field and the priority value is supported 0to63. DSCP value map to 4 priority queues: High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

IGMP Snooping

Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is used by IP hosts to register their dynamic multicast group membership. IGMP has 3 versions, IGMP v1, v2 and v3. Please refer to RFC 1112, 2236 and 3376. IGMP Snooping improves the performance of networks that carry multicast traffic. It provides the ability to prune multicast traffic so that it travels only to those end destinations that require that traffic and reduces the amount of traffic on the Ethernet LAN.

IGM	P Snooping	J		
	IGMP Snoopi	ing : Disable 🔻		
	IGMP Query	Mode: Disable -		
Apply	Help			
	IGMP Snoopi	ing Table		
	IP Address	VLAN ID	Member Port	

IGMP Snooping interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
IGMP Snooping	Enable/Disable IGMP snooping.
IGMP Query Mode	Switch will be IGMP querier or not. There should exist one and only one IGMP querier in an IGMP application. The "Auto" mode means that the querier is the one with lower IP address.
IGMP Snooping Table	Show current IP multicast list
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

SNMP Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

SNMP – Agent Setting

You can set SNMP agent related information by Agent Setting Function.

SNMP - Agent Setting

Community Strin	Ig	Privilege
public		Read Only -
private		Read and Write 🔻
		Read Only 🔹
		Read Only -
SNMPv3 E	ngine ID: aa7e000	App
SNMPv3 E SNMPv3 U		App
		App
SNMPv3 U		App

SNMP Agent Setting interface

Label	Description
SNMP agent Version	Three SNMP versions are supported such as SNMP V1/SNMP V2c, and SNMP V3. SNMP V1/SNMP V2c agent uses a community string match for authentication, that means SNMP servers access objects with read-only or read/write permissions with the community default string public/private. SNMP V3 requires an authentication level of MD5 or DES to encrypt data to enhance data security.
SNMP V1/V2c Community	SNMP Community should be set for SNMP V1/V2c. Four sets of "Community String/Privilege" are supported. Each Community String is maximum 32 characters. Keep empty to remove this Community string.
SNMPv3User	 If SNMP V3 agent is selected, the SNMPv3 you profiled should be set for authentication. The Username is necessary. The Auth Password is encrypted by MD5 and the Privacy Password which is encrypted by DES. There are maximum 8 sets of SNMPv3 User and maximum 16 characters in username, and password. When SNMP V3 agent is selected, you can: Input SNMPv3 username only. Input SNMPv3 username, Auth Password and Privacy Password, which can be different with Auth Password. To remove a current user profile: Input SNMPv3 user name you want to remove. Select Remove button
Current SNMPv3 User Profile	Show all SNMPv3 user profiles.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

SNMP – Trap Setting

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will issue. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define management stations as trap manager and enter SNMP community strings and selects the SNMP version.

and the second		
Community		
Trap Version	● V1 ◎ V2c	
Server IP	Community	Trap Version
Server IP	Community	

SNMP Trap Setting interface

Label	Description
Server IP	The server IP address to receive Trap
Community	Community for authentication
Trap Version	Trap Version supports V1 and V2c.
Add	Add trap server profile.
Remove	Remove trap server profile.
Help	Show help file.

Security

Five useful functions can enhance security of switch: IP Security, Port Security, MAC Blacklist, and MAC address Aging and 802.1x protocol.

IP Security

Only IP Address in the Secure IP List can manage the switch through your defined management mode. (WEB, Telnet, SNMP)

IP Secur	ity Mode: Disable -
Enable Te	EB Management elnet Management NMP Management P List
Secure IP1	0.0.0.0
Secure IP2	0.0.0.0
Secure IP3	0.0.0.0
Secure IP4	0.0.0.0
Secure IP5	0.0.0.0
Secure IP6	0.0.0.0
Secure IP7	0.0.0.0
and a second	0.0.0.0
Secure IP8	
Secure IP8 Secure IP9	0.0.0.0

IP Security interface

Label	Description
IP security MODE	E Enable/Disable the IP security function.
Enable WEB Management	Mark the blank to enable WEB Management.
Enable Telnet Management	Mark the blank to enable Telnet Management.
Enable SNMP Management	Mark the blank to enable MPSN Management.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

Port Security

Port security is to add static MAC addresses to the hardware forwarding database. If port security is enabled at a Port Control page, only the frames with MAC addresses in this list will be forwarded, otherwise they will be discarded.

Port Security	
MAC Address	
Port No.	Port.01 -
Add Delete Help	
Port Secur	ity List
MAC Address	Port

Port Security interface

Label	Description
MAC Address	Input MAC Address to a specific port.
Port NO.	Select port of switch.
Add	Add an entry of MAC and port information.
Delete	Delete the entry.
Help	Show help file.

MAC Blacklist

MAC Blacklist can eliminate the traffic forwarding to specific MAC addresses in list. Any frames forwarding to MAC addresses in this list will be discarded. Thus the target device will never receive any frame.



MAC Blacklist interface

Label	Description
MAC Address	Input MAC Address to add to MAC Blacklist.
Port NO.	Select port of switch.
Add	Add an entry to Blacklist table.
Delete	Delete the entry.
Help	Show help file.

802.1x

802.1x – Radius Server

802.1x makes the use of the physical access characteristics of IEEE802 LAN infrastructures in order to provide a authenticated and authorized devices attached to a LAN port. Please refer to IEEE 802.1X – Port Based Network Access Control.

802.1x Protocol	Disable -	
Radius Server IP	192.168.16.3	
Server Port	1812	
Accounting Port	1813	
Shared Key	12345678	
NAS, Identifier	NAS_L2_SWITCH	
Advanced Se	thin a	
Quiet Period	60	
Quiet Period	60	
Quiet Períod TX Period	60 30	
Quiet Period TX Period Supplicant Timeout	60 30 30	

802.1x Radius Server interface

Label	Description
Radius Server Se	tting
Radius Server IP	The IP address of the authentication server.
Server port	Set the UDP port number used by the authentication server to authenticate.
Account port	Set the UDP destination port for accounting requests to the specified Radius Server.
Shared Key	A key shared between this switch and authentication server.
NAS, Identifier	A string used to identify this switch.
Advanced Settin	g
Quiet Period	Set the time interval between authentication failure and the start of a new authentication attempt.
Tx Period	Set the time that the switch can wait for response to an EAP request/ identity frame from the client before resending the request.
Supplicant Timeout	Set the period of time the switch waits for a supplicant response to an EAP request.
Server Timeout	Set the period of time the switch waits for a Radius server response to an authentication request.
Max Requests	Set the maximum number of times to retry sending packets to the supplicant.
Re-Auth Period	Set the period of time after which clients connected must be re-authenticated.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

802.1x-Port Authorized Mode

Set the 802.1x authorized mode of each port.

Port No.	Port Authorize Mode
Port.01	Accept 👻
Port.02	Accept 💌
Port.03	Accept 👻
Port.04	Accept *
Port.05	Accept 👻
Port.06	Accept 👻
Port.07	Accept 👻
Port.08	Accept +

Apply Help

802.1x Port Authorize interface

Label	Description
Port Authorized Mode	Reject: force this port to be unauthorized. Accept: force this port to be authorized. Authorize: the state of this port was determined by the outcome of the 802.1x authentication. Disable: this port will not participate in 802.1x.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

802.1x-Port Authorized State

Port No.	Port Authorize State
Port.01	Accept
Port.02	Accept
Port.03	Accept
Port.04	Accept
Port.05	Accept
Port.06	Accept
Port.07	Accept
Port.08	Accept

802.1x - Port Authorize State

802.1x Port Authorize State interface

Warning

The Warning function is very important for switch management. You can manage the switch by SYSLOG, E-MAIL, and Fault Relay. It helps monitor the switch status on a remote site. When events occur, the warning message will be sent to your appointed server, E-MAIL, or relay fault to the switch panel.

Fault Alarm

When any selected fault event has occurred, the fault LED in the switch panel will illuminate and the electric relay will signal at the same time.

Fault Alarm			
Power Failur	е		
PWR 1	PWR 2		
Port Link Dov	wn/Broken		
Port.01	Port.02		
Port.03	Port.04		
Port.05	Port.06		
Port.07	Port.08		
Apply Help			

Fault Alarm interface

Label	Description
Power Failure	Mark the blank of PWR 1 or PWR 2 to monitor.
Port Link Down/ Broken	Mark the blank of port 1 to port 8 to monitor.
Apply	Select "Apply" to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

TACACS+

Lilableu	Server IP Address	Port	Secret Key
	0.0.00	49	
	0.0.0.0	49	
	0.0.00	49	
	0.0.00	49	
	0.0.0	49	
	Configurati		
Client	Authentication Met		
Client Client Console Telnet	Authentication Met		

System Alarm

System alarm supports two warning modes: 1. SYSLOG. 2. E-MAIL. You can monitor the switch through selected system events.

System Warning – SYSLOG Setting

The SYSLOG is a protocol to transmit event notification messages across networks. Please refer to RFC 3164 – The BSD SYSLOG Protocol

System Warning - SYSLOG Setting



Apply Help

System Warning – SYSLOG Setting interface

Label	Description
SYSLOG Mode	Disable: disable SYSLOG. Client Only: log to local system. Server Only: log to a remote SYSLOG server. Both: log to both of local and remote server.
SYSLOG Server IF Address	P The remote SYSLOG Server IP address.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

System Warning – SMTP Setting.

The SMTP is short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. It is a protocol for e-mail transmission across the Internet. Please refer to RFC 821 – Simple Mail Transfer Protocol.

	(and the second s
SMTP Server Address	0.0.0.0
Sender E-mail Address	administrator
Mail Subject	Automated Email Alert
Authentication	
Recipient E-mail Address 1	
Recipient E-mail Address 2	
Recipient E-mail Address 3	
Recipient E-mail Address 4	
Recipient E-mail Address 5	
Recipient E-mail Address 6	

System Warning – SMTP Setting interface

Label	Description
E-mail Alarm	Enable/Disable transmission system warning events by e-mail.
Sender E-mail Address	The SMTP server IP address
Mail Subject	The Subject of the mail
Authentication	Username: the authentication username. Password: the authentication password. Confirm Password: re-enter password.
Recipient E-mail Address	The recipient's E-mail address. It supports 6 recipients for an E-mail.
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

System Warning – Event Selection

SYSLOG and SMTP are the two warning methods that supported by the system. Check the corresponding box to enable the system event warning method you wish to choose. Please note that the checkbox can not be checked when SYSLOG or SMTP is disabled.

Event			SYSLOG	SMTR
System Cold S	tart			
Power Status				
SNMP Authent	ication Failure			
C-Ring Topolo	gy Change			
Port No.	SYSLO	G	SMTP	
Port No. Port 01				
	Disable	*	Disable	*
Port.02	Disable	*	Disable	-
Port.03	Disable	+	Disable	*
Port.04	Disable	-	Disable	*
Port.05	Disable	-	Disable	*
	Disable	+	Disable	*
Port.06				
Port.06 Port.07	Disable	*	Disable	*

Apply Help

System Warning - Event Selection interface

Label	Description
System Event	
System Cold Star	tAlert when system restart
Power Status	Alert when a power up or down
SNMP Authentication Failure	Alert when SNMP authentication failure.
Ring Topology Change	Alert when Ring topology changes.
Port Event	 Disable Link Up Link Down Link Up & Link Down
Apply	Select Apply to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

Monitor

MAC Address Table

Refer to IEEE 802.1 D Sections 7.9. The MAC Address Table, that is the Filtering Database, supports queries by the Forwarding Process, as to whether a frame received by a given port with a given destination MAC address is to be forwarded through a given potential transmission port.

Port No : Port.01 - Current MAC Addres

MAC Address Table interface

Label	Description
Port NO.:	Show all MAC addresses mapped to a selected port in table.
Clear MAC Table	eClear all MAC addresses in table
Help	Show help file.

MAC Address Aging

You can set MAC Address aging timer, as time expired, the unused MAC will be cleared from MAC table. The CNGE8MS also support Auto Flush MAC Address Table when ports Link down.



Label	Description
MAC Address Table Aging Time (0to3825)	Set the timer. ::
Auto Flush MAC Address Table When ports Link Down.	Mark the blank to enable the function,
Apply	Select "Apply" to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

Port Statistics

Port statistics show several statistics counters for all ports

Port Statistics

Port	Туре	Link	State	TX Good Packet	TX Bad Packet	RX Good Packet	RX Bad Packet	TX Abort Packet	Packet Collision
Port.01	1000TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.02	1000TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.03	1000TX	Up	Enable	2315	0	3274	0	0	0
Port.04	1000TX	Up	Enable	3293	0	4751	0	0	0
Port.05	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.06	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.07	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.08	1GTX/SFP	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0

Clear Help

Port Statistics interface

Label	Description
Туре	Show port speed and media type.
Link	Show port link status.
State	Show ports enable or disable.
TX GOOD Packet	t The number of good packets sent by this port.
TX Bad Packet	The number of bad packets sent by this port.
RX GOOD Packet	t The number of good packets received by this port.
RX Bad Packet	The number of bad packets received by this port.
TX Abort Packet	The number of packets aborted by this port.
Packet Collision	The number of times a collision detected by this port.
Clear	Clear all counters.
Help	Show help file.

Port Monitoring

Port monitoring supports TX (egress) only, RX (ingress) only, and TX/RX monitoring. TX monitoring sends any data that egress out checked TX source ports to a selected TX destination port as well. RX monitoring sends any data that ingress in checked RX source ports out to a selected RX destination port as well as sending the frame where it normally would have gone. Note that keep all source ports unchecked in order to disable port monitoring.

Port	Destina	tion Port	Source Port	
1 on	RX	TX	RX	TX
Port.01	۲	۲		
Port.02	0	0		
Port.03	0	0		
Port.04	0	0		
Port.05	0	0		
Port.06	0	0		-
Port.07	0	0		
Port.08	0	0		-

Port Monitoring

Port monitoring interface

Label	Description
Destination Port	The port will receive a copied frame from source port for monitoring purpose.
Source Port	The port will be monitored. Mark the blank of TX or RX to be monitored.
ТХ	The frames come into switch port.
RX	The frames receive by switch port.
Apply	Select "Apply" to set the configurations.
Clear	Clear all marked blank.(disable the function)
Help	Show help file.

System Event Log

If system log client is enabled, the system event logs will show in this table.

System Event Log

	-
Page.1 -	
Reload Clear Help	

System event log interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Page	Select LOG page.
Reload	To get the newest event logs and refresh this page.
Clear	Clear log.
Help	Show help file.

Save Configuration

If any configuration is changed, "Save Configuration" should be selected to save the current configuration data to the permanent flash memory. Otherwise, the current configuration will be lost when the switch is powered off or the system reset.

Save Configuration

Save Help

Label	Description
Save	Save all configurations.
Help	Show help file.

Command Line Interface Management

Configuration by Command Line Interface (CLI).

About CLI Management

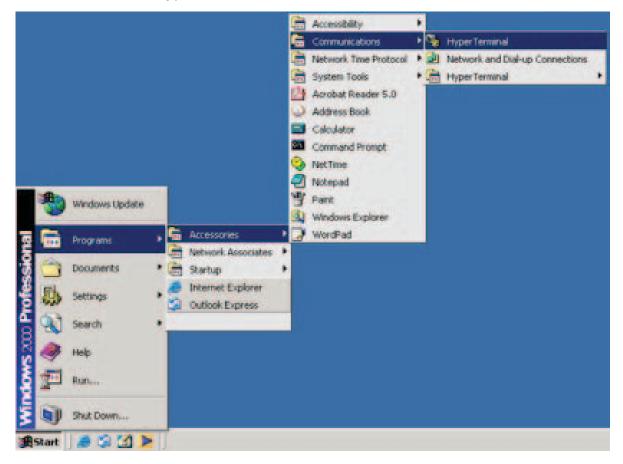
Besides WEB-base management, the CNGE8MS also supports CLI management. You can use console or telnet to manage the switch by CLI.

CLI Management by RS-232 Serial Console (9600, 8, none, 1, none)

Before configuring by RS-232 serial console, use an RJ45 to DB9-F cable to connect the switches' RS-232 Console port to your PC's COM port.

Follow the steps below to access the console via RS-232 serial cable.

Step 1. From the Windows desktop, select on Start -> Programs -> Accessories -> Communications -> Hyper Terminal



Step 2. Input a name for new connection

Termection Description	
Enter a name and choose an icon for the connection	
Name	
🧖 🔕 🧆 🔜 🕲 🛃 🥦	
D8 Cancel	
DK Cancel	

Step 3. Select the COM port number

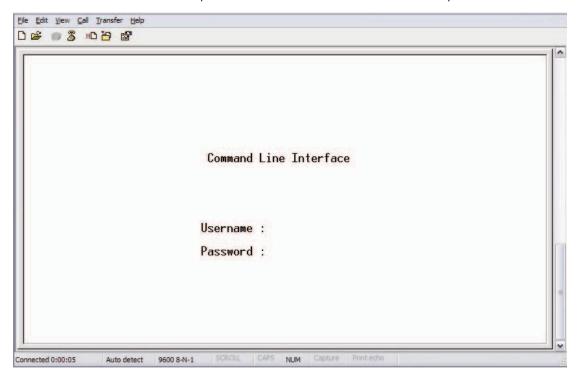
			218	1	
		number that you	mant to dat		
	14000		-		
-	-	1			
	-				
	-				
		OK.	Carcel		
	-	OK.	• Carcel		

CNGE8MS

Step 4. The COM port properties setting, 115200 for Bits per second, 8 for Data bits, None for Parity, 1 for Stop bits and none for Flow control.

Properties	11.8	
Settings		
Bits per second 9600	-	
Datable: 0	-	
Party Nove		
Stop bits 1		
Flow control: None	-	
	Rinchare Defaulte	
OK Car	cel Acon	

Step 5. The Console login screen will appear. Use the keyboard to enter the Username and Password (The same with the password for Web Browser), then press **Enter**.



CNGE8MS

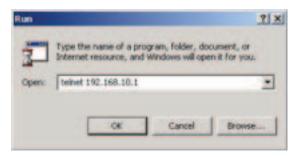
CLI Management by Telnet.

Users can use telnet to configure the switches.

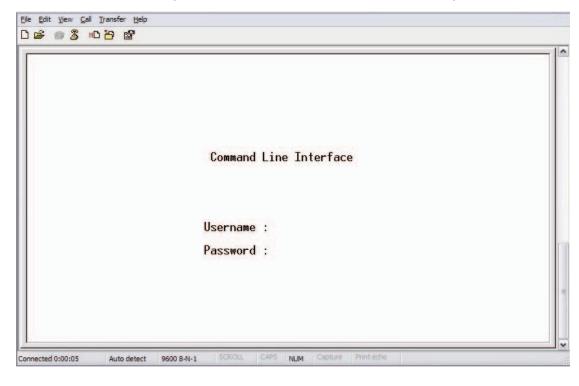
The default value is as below: IP Address: **192.168.10.1** Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0** Default Gateway: **192.168.10.254** User Name: **admin** Password: **admin**

Follow the steps below to access the console via Telnet.

Step 1. Telnet to the IP address of the switch from the Windows **Run** command (or from the MS-DOS prompt).



Step 2. The Login screen will appear. Use the keyboard to enter the Username and Password (The same with the password for Web Browser), and then press **Enter**.



Command Level

Modes	Access Method	Prompt	Exit Method	About This Model
User EXEC	Begin a session with your switch.	switch>	Enter logout or quit.	The user command available at the level of user is the subset of those available at the privileged level. Use this mode to • Enter menu mode. • Display system information.
Privileged EXEC	Enter the enable command while ir user EXEC mode.		Enter disable to exit.	The privileged command is advance mode Privileged this mode to • Display advance function status • save configures
Global configuration	Enter the configure command while ir privileged EXEC mode.	switch(config)# n	To exit to privileged EXEC mode, enter exit or end	Use this mode to configure parameters that apply to your Switch as a whole.
VLAN database	Enter the vlan database command while ir privileged EXEC mode.	switch(vlan)# n	To exit to user EXEC mode, enter exit.	Use this mode to configure VLAN-specific parameters.
Interface configuration	Enter the interface command (with a specific interface) while in global configuration mode	switch(config-if)#	To exit to global configuration mode, enter exit. To exit privileged EXEC mode or end.	Use this mode to configure parameters for the switch and Ethernet ports.

Symbol of Command Level.

Mode	Symbol of Command Level
User EXEC	E
Privileged EXEC	Р
Global configuration	G
VLAN database	V
Interface configuration	I

Commands Set List–System Commands Set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
show config	Е	Show switch configuration	switch>show config
show terminal	Р	Show console information	switch#show terminal
menu	Е	Enter MENU mode	switch>menu
write memory	Ρ	Save your configuration into permanent memory (flash rom)	switch#write memory
system name [System Name]	G	Configure system name	switch(config)#system name xxx
system location [System Location]	G	Set switch system location string	switch(config)#system location xxx
system description [System Description]	G	Set switch system description string	switch(config)#system description xxx
system contact [System Contact]	G	Set switch system contact window string	switch(config)#system contact xxx
show system-info	Е	Show system information	switch>show system-info
ip address [Ip-address] [Subnet- mask] [Gateway]	G	Configure the IP address of switch	switch(config)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.254
ip dhcp	G	Enable DHCP client function of switch	switch(config)#ip dhcp
show ip	Р	Show IP information of switch	switch#show ip
no ip dhcp	G	Disable DHCP client function of switch	switch(config)#no ip dhcp
reload	G	Halt and perform a cold restart	switch(config)#reload
default	G	Restore to default	Switch(config)#default
admin username [Username]	G	Changes a login username. (maximum 10 words)	switch(config)#admin username xxxxxx
admin password [Password]	G	Specifies a password (maximum 10 words)	switch(config)#admin password xxxxxx
show admin	Р	Show administrator information	switch#show admin
dhcpserver enable	G	Enable DHCP Server	switch(config)#dhcpserver enable
dhcpserver lowip [Low IP]	G	Configure low IP address for IP pool	switch(config)# dhcpserver lowip 192.168.1.1
dhcpserver highip [High IP]	G	Configure high IP address for IP pool	switch(config)# dhcpserver highip 192.168.1.50
dhcpserver subnetmask [Subnet mask]	G	Configure subnet mask for DHCP clients	switch(config)#dhcpserver subnetmask 255.255.255.0

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dhcpserver gateway [Gateway]	G	Configure gateway for DHCP clients	switch(config)#dhcpserver gateway 192.168.1.254
dhcpserver dnsip [DNS IP]	G	Configure DNS IP for DHCP clients	switch(config)# dhcpserver dnsip 192.168.1.1
dhcpserver leasetime [Hours]	G	Configure lease time (in hour)	switch(config)#dhcpserver leasetime 1
dhcpserver ipbinding [IP address]	Ι	Set static IP for DHCP clients by port	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#dhcpserver ipbinding 192.168.1.1
show dhcpserver configuration	Ρ	Show configuration of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver configuration
show dhcpserver clients	Ρ	Show client entries of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver clients
show dhcpserver ip-binding	Ρ	Show IP-Binding information of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver ip-binding
no dhcpserver	G	Disable DHCP server function	switch(config)#no dhcpserver
security enable	G	Enable IP security function	switch(config)#security enable
security http	G	Enable IP security of HTTP server	switch(config)#security http
security telnet	G	Enable IP security of telnet server	switch(config)#security telnet
security ip [Index(110)] [IP Address]	G	Set the IP security list	switch(config)#security ip 1 192.168.1.55
show security	Р	Show the information of IP security	switch#show security
no security	G	Disable IP security function	switch(config)#no security
no security http	G	Disable IP security of HTTP server	switch(config)#no security http
no security telnet	G	Disable IP security of telnet server	switch(config)#no security telnet

Commands Set List–Port Commands Set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
interface fastEthernet [Portid]	G	Choose the port for modification.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2
duplex [full half]	I	Use the duplex configuration command to specify the duplex mode of operation for Fast Ethernet.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#duplex full
speed [10 100 1000 auto]	Ι	Use the speed configuration command to specify the speed mode of operation for Fast Ethernet, the speed can't be set to 1000 if the port isn't a giga port.	
flowcontrol mode [Symmetric Asymmetric]	I	Use the flowcontrol configuration command on Ethernet ports to control traffic rates during congestion.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#flowcontrol mode Asymmetric
no flowcontrol	Ι	Disable flow control of interface	switch(config-if)#no flowcontrol
security enable	Ι	Enable security of interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#security enable
no security	I	Disable security of interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no security
bandwidth type all	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept all frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type all
bandwidth type broadcast-multicast- flooded-unicast	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept broadcast, multicast, and flooded unicast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast-multicast- flooded-unicast
bandwidth type broadcast-multicast	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept broadcast and multicast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast-multicast
bandwidth type broadcast-only	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "only accept broadcast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast-only

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bandwidth in [Value]	I	Set interface input bandwidth. Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth in 100
bandwidth out [Value]		Set interface output bandwidth. Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth out 100
show bandwidth	I	Show interfaces bandwidth control	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show bandwidth
state [Enable Disable]	I	Use the state interface configuration command to specify the state mode of operation for Ethernet ports. Use the disable form of this command to disable the port.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#state Disable
show interface configuration	I	show interface configuration status	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface configuration
show interface status	I	show interface actual status	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface status
show interface accounting	I	show interface statistic counter	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface accounting
no accounting	I	Clear interface accounting information	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no accounting

Commands Set List–Trunk command set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
aggregator priority [1to65535]	G	Set port group system priority	switch(config)#aggregator priority 22
aggregator activityport [Port Numbers]	G	Set activity port	switch(config)#aggregator activityport 2
aggregator group [GroupID] [Port-list] lacp workp [Workport]	G	Assign a trunk group with LACP active.	[GroupID]:1to3 [Port-list]:Member port list, This parameter could be a port range(ex.1-4) or a port list separate by a comma(ex.2, 3, 6) [Workport]: The amount of work ports, this value could not be less than zero or be large than the amount of member ports.
aggregator group [GroupID] [Port-list] nolacp	G	Assign a static trunk group. [GroupID]:1to3 [Port-list]:Member port list, This parameter could be a port range(ex.1-4) or a port list separate by a comma(ex.2, 3, 6)	switch(config)#aggregator group 1 2-4 nolacp or switch(config)#aggregator group 1 3,1,2 nolacp
show aggregator	Р	Show the information of trunk group	switch#show aggregator
no aggregator lacp [GroupID]	G	Disable the LACP function of trunk group	switch(config)#no aggregator lacp 1
no aggregator group [GroupID]	G	Remove a trunk group	switch(config)#no aggregator group 2

Commands Set List-VLAN command set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
vlan database	Р	Enter VLAN configure mode	switch#vlan database
vlan [8021q gvrp]	V	To set switch VLAN mode.	switch(vlan)# vlanmode 8021q or switch(vlan)# vlanmode gvrp
no vlan [VID]	V	Disable vlan group (by VID)	switch(vlan)#no vlan 2
no gvrp	V	Disable GVRP	switch(vlan)#no gvrp
IEEE 802.1Q VLAN			
vlan 8021q port [PortNumber] access-link untag [UntaggedVID]	V	Assign an access link for VLAN by port, if the port belongs to a trunk group, this command cannot be applied.	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 access-link untag 33
vlan 8021q port [PortNumber] trunk-link tag [TaggedVID List]	V	Assign a trunk link for VLAN by port, if the port belongs to a trunk group, this command cannot be applied.	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 trunk-link tag 2,3,6,99 or switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 trunk-link tag 3-20
vlan 8021q port [PortNumber] hybrid-link untag [UntaggedVID] tag [TaggedVID List]	V	Assign a hybrid link for VLAN by port, if the port belong to a trunk group, this command cannot be applied.	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q port 3 hybrid-link untag 4 tag 3,6,8 or switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q port 3 hybrid-link untag 5 tag 6-8
vlan 8021q aggregator [TrunkID] access-link untag [UntaggedVID]	V	Assign an access link for VLAN by trunk group	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q aggregator 3 access-link untag 33
vlan 8021q aggregator [TrunkID] trunk-link tag [TaggedVID List]	V	Assign a trunk link for VLAN by trunk group	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q aggregator 3 trunk-link tag 2,3,6,99 or switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q aggregator 3 trunk-link tag 3-20

vlan 8021q aggregator [PortNumber] hybrid-link untag [UntaggedVID] tag [TaggedVID List]	V	Assign a hybrid link for VLAN by trunk group	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q aggregator 3 hybrid-link untag 4 tag 3,6,8 or switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q aggregator 3 hybrid-link untag 5 tag 6-8
show vlan [VID] or show vlan	V	Show VLAN information	switch(vlan)#show vlan 23

Commands Set List-Spanning Tree Command Set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
spanning-tree enable	G	Enable spanning tree	switch(config)#spanning-tree enable
spanning-tree priority [0to61440]	G	Configure spanning tree priority parameter	switch(config)#spanning-tree priority 32767
spanning-tree max- age [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree max-age global configuration command to change the interval between messages the spanning tree receives from the root switch. If a switch does not receive a bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) message from the root switch within this interval, it recomputed the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) topology.	switch(config)# spanning-tree max-age 15
spanning-tree hello- time [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree hello-time global configuration command to specify the interval between hello bridge protocol data units (BPDUs).	switch(config)#spanning-tree hello-time 3
spanning-tree forward-time [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree forward-time global configuration command to set the forwarding- time for the specified spanning-tree instances. The forwarding time determines how long each of the listening and learning states last before the port begins forwarding.	switch(config)# spanning-tree forward-time 20
stp-path-cost [1to20000000]	Ι	Use the spanning-tree cost interface configuration command to set the path cost for Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) calculations. In the event of a loop, spanning tree considers the path cost when selecting an interface to place into the forwarding state.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-path- cost 20

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stp-path-priority [Port Priority]	I	Use the spanning-tree port-priority interface configuration command to configure a port priority that is used when two switches tie for position as the root switch.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# stp-path- priority 127
stp-admin-p2p [Auto True False]	I	Admin P2P of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# stp-admin- p2p Auto
stp-admin-edge [True False]	I	Admin Edge of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# stp-admin- edge True
stp-admin-non-stp [True False]	I	Admin NonSTP of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# stp-admin- non-stp False
Show spanning-tree	Е	Display a summary of the spanning-tree states.	switch>show spanning-tree
no spanning-tree	G	Disable spanning-tree.	switch(config)#no spanning- tree

Commands Set List–QoS command set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
qos policy [weighted-fair strict]	G	Select QOS policy scheduling	switch(config)#qos policy weighted-fair
qos prioritytype [port-based cos-only tos-only cos-first tos- first]	G	Setting of QOS priority type	switch(config)#qos prioritytype
qos priority portbased [Port] [lowest low middle high]	G	Configure Port-based Priority	switch(config)#qos priority portbased 1 low
qos priority cos [Priority][lowest low middle high]	G	Configure COS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority cos 22 middle
qos priority tos [Priority][lowest low middle high]	G	Configure TOS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority tos 3 high
show qos	Р	Display the information of QoS configuration	switch>show qos
no qos	G	Disable QoS function	switch(config)#no qos

Commands Set List-IGMP command set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
igmp enable	G	Enable IGMP snooping function	switch(config)#igmp enable
lgmp-query auto	G	Set IGMP query to auto mode	switch(config)#lgmp-query auto
Igmp-query force	G	Set IGMP query to force mode	switch(config)#lgmp-query force
show igmp configuration	Р	Displays the details of an IGMP configuration.	switch#show igmp configuration
show igmp multi	Р	Displays the details of an IGMP snooping entries.	switch#show igmp multi
no igmp	G	Disable IGMP snooping function	switch(config)#no igmp
no igmp-query	G	Disable IGMP query	switch#no igmp-query

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CNGE8MS	Level	Description	Example
Commands mac-address-table static hwaddr [MAC]	I	Configure MAC address table of interface (static).	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#mac- address-table static hwaddr 000012345678
mac-address-table filter hwaddr [MAC]	G	Configure MAC address table(filter)	switch(config)#mac- address-table filter hwaddr 000012348678
show mac-address- table	Ρ	Show all MAC address table	switch#show mac-address- table
show mac-address- table static	Ρ	Show static MAC address table	switch#show mac-address- table static
show mac-address- table filter	Ρ	Show filter MAC address table.	switch#show mac-address- table filter
no mac-address-table static hwaddr [MAC]	I	Remove an entry of MAC address table of interface (static)	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no mac- address-table static hwaddr 000012345678
no mac-address-table filter hwaddr [MAC]	G	Remove an entry of MAC address table (filter)	switch(config)#no mac- address-table filter hwaddr 000012348678
no mac-address-table	G	Remove dynamic entry of MAC address table	switch(config)#no mac- address-table

Commands Set List-MAC/Filter Table command set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
snmp agent-mode [v1v2c v3]	G	Select the agent mode of SNMP	switch(config)#snmp agent- mode v1v2c
snmp-server host [IP address] community [Community-string] trap-version [v1 v2c]	G	Configure SNMP server host information and community string	switch(config)#snmp- server host 192.168.10.50 community public trap- version v1 (remove) Switch(config)# no snmp-server host 192.168.10.50
snmp community- strings [Community-string] right [RO RW]	G	Configure the community string right	switch(config)#snmp community-strings public right RO or switch(config)#snmp community-strings public right RW
snmp snmpv3-user [User Name] password [Authentication Password] [Privacy Password]	G	Configure the user profile for SNMPV3 agent. Privacy password could be empty.	switch(config)#snmp snmpv3- user test01 password AuthPW PrivPW
show snmp	Р	Show SNMP configuration	switch#show snmp
show snmp-server	Р	Show specified trap server information	switch#show snmp-server
no snmp community- strings [Community]	G	Remove the specified community.	switch(config)#no snmp community-strings public
no snmp snmpv3-user [User Name] password [Authentication Password] [Privacy Password]	G	Remove specified user of SNMPv3 agent. Privacy password could be empty.	switch(config)# no snmp snmpv3-user test01 password AuthPW PrivPW
no snmp-server host [Host-address]	G	Remove the SNMP server host.	switch(config)#no snmp- server 192.168.10.50

Commands Set List–SNMP command set

Commands	Set List	–Port Mir	roring	command set
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CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
monitor rx	G	Set RX destination port of monitor function	switch(config)#monitor rx
monitor tx	G	Set TX destination port of monitor function	switch(config)#monitor tx
show monitor	Р	Show port monitor information	switch#show monitor
monitor [RX TX Both]	I	Configure source port of monitor function	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#monitor RX
show monitor	I	Show port monitor information	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show monitor
no monitor	Ι	Disable source port of monitor function	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no monitor

Commands Set List-802.1x command set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
8021x enable	G	Use the 802.1x global configuration command to enable 802.1x protocols.	switch(config)# 8021x enable
8021x system radiousip [IP address]	G	Use the 802.1x system radious IP global configuration command to change the radius server IP.	switch(config)# 8021x system radiousip 192.168.1.1
8021x system serverport [port ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system server port global configuration command to change the radious server port	switch(config)# 8021x system serverport 1815
8021x system accountport [port ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system account port global configuration command to change the accounting port	switch(config)# 8021x system accountport 1816
8021x system sharekey [ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system share key global configuration command to change the shared key value.	switch(config)# 8021x system sharekey 123456
8021x system nasid [words]	G	Use the 802.1x system NAS ID global configuration command to change the NAS ID	switch(config)# 8021x system nasid test1
8021x misc quietperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc quiet period global configuration command to specify the quiet period value of the switch.	switch(config)# 8021x misc quietperiod 10
8021x misc txperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc TX period global configuration command to set the TX period.	switch(config)# 8021x misc txperiod 5

8021x misc supportimeout [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc supp timeout global configuration command to set the supplicant timeout.	switch(config)# 8021x misc supportimeout 20
8021x misc servertimeout [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc server timeout global configuration command to set the server timeout.	switch(config)#8021x misc servertimeout 20
8021x misc maxrequest [number]	G	Use the 802.1x misc max request global configuration command to set the MAX requests.	switch(config)# 8021x misc maxrequest 3
8021x misc reauthperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc reauth period global configuration command to set the reauth period.	switch(config)# 8021x misc reauthperiod 3000
8021x portstate [disable reject accept authorize]	I	Use the 802.1x port state interface configuration command to set the state of the selected port.	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#8021x portstate accept
show 8021x	Е	Display a summary of the 802.1x properties and also the port states.	switch>show 8021x
no 8021x	G	Disable 802.1x function	switch(config)#no 8021x

Commands Set List-TFTP command set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Defaults Example
backup flash:backup_ cfg	G	Save configuration to TFTP and need to specify the IP of TFTP server and the file name of image.	switch(config)#backup flash:backup_cfg
restore flash:restore_ cfg	G	Get configuration from TFTP server and need to specify the IP of TFTP server and the file name of image.	switch(config)#restore flash:restore_cfg
upgrade flash:upgrade_fw	G	Upgrade firmware by TFTP and need to specify the IP of TFTP server and the file name of image.	switch(config)#upgrade lash:upgrade_fw

Commands Set List-SYSLOG, SMTP, EVENT command set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
systemlog ip [IP address]	G	Set System log server IP address.	switch(config)# systemlog ip 192.168.1.100
systemlog mode [client server both]	G	Specified the log mode	switch(config)# systemlog mode both
show systemlog	Е	Display system log.	Switch>show systemlog
show systemlog	Р	Show system log client & server information	switch#show systemlog
no systemlog	G	Disable systemlog functon	switch(config)#no systemlog
smtp enable	G	Enable SMTP function	switch(config)#smtp enable
smtp serverip [IP address]	G	Configure SMTP server IP	switch(config)#smtp serverip 192.168.1.5
smtp authentication	G	Enable SMTP authentication	switch(config)#smtp authentication
smtp account [account]	G	Configure authentication account	switch(config)#smtp account User
smtp password [password]	G	Configure authentication password	switch(config)#smtp password
smtp rcptemail [Index] [Email address]	G	Configure Rcpt e-mail Address	switch(config)#smtp rcptemail 1 Alert@test.com
show smtp	Р	Show the information of SMTP	switch#show smtp
no smtp	G	Disable SMTP function	switch(config)#no smtp
event device-cold- start [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set cold start event type	switch(config)#event device- cold-start both
event authentication- failure [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set Authentication failure event type	switch(config)#event authentication-failure both
event Ring-topology- change [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set s ring topology changed event type	switch(config)#event ring- topology-change both
event systemlog [Link-UP Link- Down Both]	Ι	Set port event for system log	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#event systemlog both

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event smtp [Link-UP Link- Down Both]	I	Set port event for SMTP	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#event smtp both
show event	Ρ	Show event selection	switch#show event
no event device- cold-start	G	Disable cold start event type	switch(config)#no event device-cold-start
no event authentication-failure	G	Disable Authentication failure event type	switch(config)#no event authentication-failure
no event ring- topology-change	G	Disable ring topology changed event type	switch(config)#no event ring- topology-change
no event systemlog	I	Disable port event for system log	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#no event systemlog
no event smpt	I	Disable port event for SMTP	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#no event smtp
show systemlog	Ρ	Show system log client & server information	switch#show systemlog

Commands Set List–SNTP command set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
sntp enable	G	Enable SNTP function	switch(config)#sntp enable
sntp daylight	G	Enable daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp daylight
sntp daylight-period [Start time] [End time]	G	Set period of daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied. Parameter format: [yyyymmdd-hh:mm]	switch(config)# sntp daylight- period 20060101-01:01 20060202-01-01
sntp daylight-offset [Minute]	G	Set offset of daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp daylight- offset 3
sntp ip [IP]	G	Set SNTP server IP, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp ip 192.169.1.1
sntp timezone [Timezone]	G	Set timezone index, use "show sntp timzezone" command to get more information of index number	switch(config)#sntp timezone 22
show sntp	Р	Show SNTP information	switch#show sntp
show sntp timezone	Р	Show index number of time zone list	switch#show sntp timezone
no sntp	G	Disable SNTP function	switch(config)#no sntp
no sntp daylight	G	Disable daylight saving time	switch(config)#no sntp daylight

Commands Set List- Ring command set

CNGE8MS Commands	Level	Description	Example
Ring enable	G	Enable Ring	switch(config)# Ring enable
Ring master	G	Enable ring master	switch(config)# Ring master
Ring couplering	G	Enable couple ring	switch(config)# Ring couplering
Ring dualhoming	G	Enable dual homing	switch(config)# Ring dualhoming
Ring ringport [1st Ring Port] [2nd Ring Port]	G	Configure 1st/2nd Ring Port	switch(config)# Ring ringport 7 8
Ring couplingport [Coupling Port]	G	Configure Coupling Port	switch(config)# Ring couplingport 1
Ring controlport [Control Port]	G	Configure Control Port	switch(config)# Ring controlport 2
Ring homingport [Dual Homing Port]	G	Configure Dual Homing Port	switch(config)# Ring homingport 3
show Ring	Р	Show the information of Ring	switch#show Ring
no Ring	G	Disable Ring	switch(config)#no Ring
no Ring master	G	Disable ring master	switch(config)# no Ring master
no Ring couplering	G	Disable couple ring	switch(config)# no Ring couplering
no Ring dualhoming	G	Disable dual homing	switch(config)# no Ring dualhoming

Technical Specifications

Technology	
Ethernet Standards	
	IEEE 802.3 for 10BASE-T, IEEE 802.3u for 100BASE-T(X) and 100BASE-FX IEEE 802.3z for 1000BASE-X IEEE 802.3ab for 1000BASE-T(X), IEEE 802.3x for Flow control IEEE 802.3ad for LACP (Link Aggregation Control Protocol) IEEE 802.1D for STP (Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1p for COS (Class of Service) IEEE 802.1Q for VLAN Tagging IEEE 802.1w for RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1s for MSTP (Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1x for Authentication IEEE 802.1AB for LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol)
MAC addresses	8192
Priority Queues	4
Flow Control	IEEE 802.3x Flow Control and Back-pressure
Processing	Store-and-Forward
Interface	
Gigabit Combo Ports	4 x 10/100/1000BASE-T(X), Auto MDI/MDIX
SFP ports	4 x 100/1000BASE-X
Gigabit RJ45 Ports	4 x 10/100/1000BASE-T(X), Auto MDI/MDIX
LED Indicators	Per Unit: Power × 3 (Green) RJ45 Ports: Gigabit Ethernet Port: Link/Activity (Green/Blinking Green), 100Mbps indicator (Amber) Gigabit SFP Ports: Per Port: Link / Activity (Green)
Power Requirements	
Power Input Voltage	PWR1/2: 12 – 48VDC in 6-pin Terminal Block
Reverse Polarity Protection	Present
Power Consumption	25 Watts
Environmental	
Operating Temperature	-40° to 75°C
Storage Temperature	-40° to 85°C
Operating Humidity	5% to 95%, non-condensing

Mechanical		
Dimensions(W $x D x H$)	2.93 × 4.3 × 6.05 in (7.43 × 10.92 × 15.36 cm)	
Casing	Aluminum	
Regulatory Approvals		
EMI	FCC Part 15,CISPR(EN55022) class A	
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS), EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11	
Shock	IEC60068-2-27	
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32	
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6	
Safety	EN60950	
Warranty	Lifetime	

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